## CITY OF COOS BAY CITY COUNCIL

**Agenda Staff Report** 

MEETING DATE	AGENDA ITEM NUMBER
December 6, 2016	

TO: Mayor Benetti and City Councilors

FROM: Susanne Baker, Finance Director

THROUGH: Rodger Craddock, City Manager

ISSUE Marijuana Tax Ordinance

### **SUMMARY:**

Through Resolution 16-19, adopted by the City Council on July 19, 2016, staff was directed to place a measure on the November 8, 2016 general election ballot for consideration of a 3% City tax on recreational marijuana retailers' sale of marijuana items. According to the Department of Revenue, similar ballot measures were on the ballot for another 109 entities in Oregon, all of which passed.

The measure imposed a three percent city sales tax on sales of marijuana items (including marijuana, marijuana products, and marijuana extracts) by recreational marijuana retailers licensed by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission (OLCC) for those businesses located within the City of Coos Bay. The tax would be collected by the recreational marijuana retailer at the point of sale. The three percent City tax would be imposed in addition to the state tax on the sale of marijuana items by a recreational marijuana retailer (currently 17% for those registered with OLCC). The three percent City tax would not be imposed on medical marijuana sales.

The measure passed at the general election and is effective 30 days after the election. The next step is for the City Council to implement the tax by enacting an ordinance setting forth the mechanism to collect the tax. The proposed ordinance was modelled after other cities ordinances and recommended by the League of Oregon Cities (LOC) and Oregon Department of Revenue (DOR).

Collection of the tax in the ordinance is allowed at the local level and provides an option for it to be collected by the DOR. During the 2016 state legislative session DOR was authorized to collect and enforce local marijuana taxes on behalf of local governments. This option was supported by the LOC as representing a position of local governments for efficiency, public safety, and banking reasons. To participate in this collection method, the City of Coos Bay will need to enact the authorizing ordinance and sign an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with the DOR. The State of Oregon will recoup their costs associated with administering the local tax by imposing a 4% fee based on the amount of revenue collected.

#### **ACTION REQUESTED:**

At the Council's direction, hold a public hearing for public input, enact the marijuana tax ordinance, and authorize staff to enter into an Intergovernmental Agreement with the Department of Revenue for collection of the tax.

### CITY OF COOS BAY CITY COUNCIL

Agenda Staff Report

MEETING DATE	AGENDA ITEM NUMBER
November 22, 2016	

TO: Mayor Benetti and City Councilors

FROM: Susanne Baker, Finance Director

THROUGH: Rodger Craddock, City Manager

ISSUE Marijuana Tax Ordinance

### **BACKGROUND**

Through Resolution 16-19, adopted by the City Council on July 19, 2016, staff was directed to place a measure on the November 8, 2016 general election ballot for consideration of a 3% City tax on recreational marijuana retailers' sale of marijuana items. According to the Department of Revenue, similar ballot measures were on the ballot for another 109 entities in Oregon, all of which passed.

The measure imposed a three percent city sales tax on sales of marijuana items (including marijuana, marijuana products, and marijuana extracts) by recreational marijuana retailers licensed by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission (OLCC) for those businesses located within the City of Coos Bay. The tax would be collected by the recreational marijuana retailer at the point of sale. The three percent City tax would be imposed in addition to the state tax on the sale of marijuana items by a recreational marijuana retailer (currently 17% for those registered with OLCC). The three percent City tax would not be imposed on medical marijuana sales.

The measure passed at the general election and is effective 30 days after the election. The next step is for the City Council to implement the tax by enacting an ordinance setting forth the mechanism to collect the tax. The proposed ordinance was modelled after other cities ordinances and recommended by the League of Oregon Cities (LOC) and Oregon Department of Revenue (DOR).

Collection of the tax in the ordinance is allowed at the local level and provides an option for it to be collected by the DOR. During the 2016 state legislative session DOR was authorized to collect and enforce local marijuana taxes on behalf of local governments. This option was supported by the LOC as representing a position of local governments for efficiency, public safety, and banking reasons. To participate in this collection method, the City of Coos Bay will need to enact the authorizing ordinance and sign an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with the DOR. The State of Oregon will recoup their costs associated with administering the local tax by imposing a 4% fee based on the amount of revenue collected.

#### **ADVANTAGES**

Enacting the ordinance will enable the City of Coos Bay to collect recreational marijuana taxes.

Marijuana Tax Ordinance November 22, 2016 Page 2

# **DISADVANTAGES**

None.

## **BUDGET**

If recreational marijuana dispensaries are located within the city limits, the tax will be imposed.

## **RECOMMENDATION**

At the Council's direction, hold a public hearing for public input, enact the marijuana tax ordinance, and authorize staff to enter into an Intergovernmental Agreement with the Department of Revenue for collection of the tax.

#### ORDINANCE NO. ###

AN ORDINANCE REPEALING ORDINANCE NO. 464, ESTABLISHING A TAX ON THE SALE OF MARIJUANA AND MARIJUANA – INFUSED PRODUCTS IN THE CITY OF COOS BAY

#### THE CITY OF COOS BAY ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

<u>Section 1: Title</u>: This Ordinance shall be known as the Marijuana and Marijuana Infused Product Tax, and shall apply to all areas within the Incorporated City Limits of the City of Coos Bay.

<u>Section 2: Purpose:</u> For the purpose of the Ordinance, every person who sells marijuana or marijuana-infused products in the City of Coos Bay is exercising a taxable privilege. The purpose of this Ordinance is to impose a tax upon the retail sale of marijuana and marijuana-infused products.

<u>Section 3: Definitions:</u> When not clearly otherwise indicated by the context, the following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings.

- 1. "Manager" means the City Manager of the City of Coos Bay or his/her designee.
- "Gross Taxable Sales" means the total amount received in money, credits, property or other consideration from sales of marijuana and marijuana-infused products that is subject to the tax imposed by this Ordinance.
- 3. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant of the Cannabis family Moracceae, whether growing or not; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant or its resin, as may be defined by the Oregon Revised Statutes as they currently exist or may from time to time be amended. It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted there from), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.
- 4. "Person" means natural person, joint venture, joint stock company, partnership, association, club, company, corporation, business, trust, organization, or any group or combination acting as a unit including the United States of America, the State of Oregon and any political subdivision thereof, or the manager, lessee, agent, servant, officer or employee of any of them.
- 5. "Purchaser" means any person who acquires marijuana from a seller for any valuable consideration.
- 6. "Purchase or Sale" means the acquisition or furnishing for consideration by any person of marijuana or marijuana infused products within the City.
- 7. "Retail sale" means the transfer of goods or services for any valuable consideration.

- 8. "Seller" means any person who is required to be licensed or has been licensed by the State of Oregon to provide marijuana or marijuana-infused products to purchasers for money, credit, property or other consideration.
- 9. "**Tax**" means either the tax payable by the seller or the aggregate amount of taxes due from a seller during the period for which the seller is required to report collections under this ordinance
- 10. "**Taxpayer**" means any person obligated to account to the City Manager for taxes collected or to be collected, or from whom a tax is due, under the terms of this ordinance.

### **Section 4: Levy of Tax:**

- A. There is hereby levied and shall be paid a tax by every seller exercising the taxable privilege of selling marijuana and marijuana-infused products as defined in this ordinance.
- B. The amount of tax levied shall be established by the City Council through Resolution as follows:
  - 1) Three percent (3%) of the gross sale amount paid to the seller of marijuana and marijuana-infused products by individuals who are not purchasing marijuana under the Oregon Medical Marijuana Program.
- C. The purchaser shall pay to the seller, and the seller shall collect from the purchaser the tax at the time of the purchase or sale of marijuana or marijuana-infused product.

<u>Section 5: Deductions:</u> The following deductions shall be allowed against sales received by the seller providing marijuana.

- A. Refunds of sales actually returned to any purchaser.
- B. Any adjustments in sales which amount to a refund to a purchaser, providing such adjustment pertains to the actual sale of marijuana or marijuana-infused products and does not include any adjustments for other services furnished by a seller.

## Section 6: Seller Responsible For Payment of Tax:

- A. Every marijuana retailer shall obtain a business license from the City of Coos Bay pursuant to CBMC Title 5. The marijuana retailer will indicate on the license application whether the marijuana retailer is licensed by or registered with the State of Oregon to provide marijuana items to consumers for money, credit, property or other consideration.
- B. Every seller shall, on or before the fifteenth (15<sup>th</sup>) day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter (in the months of April, July, October and January) make a return to the City Manager on forms provided by the City, specifying the total sales subject to this ordinance and the amount of tax collected under this ordinance. The seller may request or the City Manager may establish shorter reporting periods for any seller if the seller or the City Manager deems it necessary in order to ensure collection of the tax and the City Manager may require further information in the return relevant to payment of the tax. A return shall not be considered filed until it is fully and accurately completed, and actually received by the City Manager. The quarters are:

First quarter: January, February, March

Second quarter: April, May, June

Third quarter: July, August, September

Fourth quarter: October, November, December

C. At the time the return is filed, the full amount of the tax collected shall be remitted to the City Manager. Payments received by the City Manager for application against existing liabilities will be credited toward the period designated by the taxpayer under conditions that are not prejudicial to the interest of the City. A condition considered prejudicial is the imminent expiration of the statute of limitations for a period or periods.

- D. Crediting of a payment toward a specific reporting period will be first applied against any accrued penalty, then to interest, then to the underlying tax. If the City Manager, in her or his sole discretion, determines that an alternative order of payment application would be in the best interest of the City in a particular tax or factual situation, the City Manager may order such a change. The City Manager may establish shorter reporting periods for any seller if the City Manager deems it necessary in order to ensure collection of the tax. The City Manager also may require additional information in the return relevant to payment of the liability. When a shorter return period is required, penalties and interest shall be computed according to the shorter return period. Returns and payments are due immediately upon cessation of business for any reason. All taxes collected by sellers pursuant to this ordinance shall be held in trust for the account of the City until payment is made to the City Manager. A separate trust bank account is not required in order to comply with this provision.
- E. A seller shall pay interest at the rate of one percent per month on the amount of tax due that is not received timely, without proration for a fraction of a month. If a return is not filed and if the tax and interest due are not paid the interest shall become a part of the tax for computation of penalties prescribed in Section 7.
- F. Every seller must keep and preserve in an accounting format established by the City Manager records of all sales made by the dispensary and such other books or accounts as may be required by the City Manager. Every seller must keep and preserve for a period of five (5) years all such books, invoices and other records. The City Manager shall have the right to inspect all such records at all reasonable times.

### **Section 7: Penalties and Interest:**

- A. Any seller who fails to remit any portion of any tax imposed by this ordinance within the time required shall pay a penalty of ten percent (10%) of the amount of the tax.
- B. Any seller who fails to remit any delinquent remittance on or before a period of 60 days following the date, on which the remittance first became delinquent, shall pay a second delinquency penalty of fifteen percent (15%) of the amount of the tax in addition to the amount of the tax and the penalty first imposed.

- C. If the City Manager determines that the nonpayment of any remittance due under this chapter is due to fraud, a penalty of twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of the tax shall be added thereto in addition to the penalties stated in subparagraphs A and B of this section.
- D. In addition to the penalties imposed, any seller who fails to remit any tax imposed by this ordinance shall pay interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month or fraction thereof on the amount of the tax, exclusive of penalties, from the date on which the remittance first became delinquent until paid.
- E. Every penalty imposed, and such interest as accrues under the provisions of this section shall become a part of the tax required to be paid.

Section 8: Failure to Report and Remit Tax-Determination of Tax by City Manager: If any seller should fail to make, within the time provided in this ordinance, any report of the tax required by this ordinance, the City Manager shall proceed in such manner as is deemed best to obtain facts and information on which to base the estimate of tax due. As soon as the City Manager shall procure such facts and information as is able to be obtained, upon which to base the assessment of any tax imposed by this ordinance and payable by any seller, the City Manager shall proceed to determine and assess against such seller the tax, interest and penalties provided for by this ordinance. In the case that such a determination is made, the City Manager shall give notice of the amount so assessed by having it served personally on the seller, or by depositing it in the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the seller so assessed at the last known place of address. Such seller may appeal such determination as provided in Section 9. If no appeal is filed, the City Manager's determination is final and the amount thereby is immediately due and payable.

### Section 9: Appeal:

- A. Any seller aggrieved by any decision of the City Manager with respect to the amount of such tax, interest and penalties, if any, may appeal to the City Council by filing a notice of appeal with the City Manager within fifteen (15) days of mailing of the notice of a decision. The City Manager shall fix a time and place for hearing the appeal, as prescribed by the City Council, and shall give the appellant fifteen (15) days written notice of the time and place of the hearing before the City Council.
- B. The appellant shall pay a nonrefundable appeal fee to facilitate the appeal. Appeal fees shall be set by City resolution of the City Council.
- C. The parties shall be entitled to appear personally and by counsel and to present such facts, evidence and arguments as may tend to support the respective positions on appeal.
- D. The City Council shall afford the parties an opportunity to be heard at an appeal hearing after reasonable notice. The City Council shall take such action upon the appeal it sees fit. The City Council shall at a minimum:
  - 1) At the commencement of the hearing, explain the relevant issues involved in the hearing, applicable procedures and the burden of proof.
  - 2) At the commencement of the hearing place on the record the substance of any written or oral ex parte communications concerning any relevant and material fact

in issue at the hearing which was made outside the official proceedings during the pendency of the proceeding. The parties shall be notified of the substance of the communication and the right to rebut the communication. Notwithstanding the above, the parties are prohibited from engaging in ex parte communications with the members of the City Council.

- 3) Testimony shall be taken upon oath or affirmation of the witnesses.
- 4) The City Council shall ensure that the record developed at the hearing shows a full and fair inquiry into the relevant and material facts for consideration for the issues properly before the City Council.
- 5) Written testimony may be submitted under penalty of false swearing for entry into the record. All written evidence shall be filed with the City Recorder no less than five (5) working days before the date of the hearing.
- 6) The City Council shall hear and consider any records and evidence presented bearing upon the City Manager's determination of amount due, and makes findings affirming, reversing or modifying the determination.
- 7) Informal disposition may be made of any case by stipulation, agreed settlement, consent order or default.
- E. The action of the City Manager shall be stayed pending the outcome of an appeal properly filed pursuant to this section.
- F. Failure to strictly comply with the applicable appeal requirements, including, but not limited to the required elements for the written notice of appeal, time for filing of the notice of appeal, and payment of the applicable appeal fee, shall constitute jurisdictional defects resulting in the summary dismissal of the appeal.
- G. The finding of the City Council shall be final and conclusive, and shall be served upon the appellant in the manner prescribed above for service of notice of hearing. Any amount found to be due shall be immediately due and payable upon the service of notice.

Section 10: Actions to Collect: Any tax required to be paid by any seller under the provisions of the ordinance shall be deemed a debt owed by the seller to the City. Any such tax collected by a seller which has not been paid to the City shall be deemed a debt owed by the seller to the City. Within three years after the tax becomes payable or within three years after a determination becomes final, whichever time period is longer, the City may bring an action in the name of the City in the courts of this state, another state or the United States to collect the amount delinquent and penalties and interest. In lieu of filing an action for the recovery, the City, when taxes due are more than 30 days delinquent, can submit any outstanding tax to a collection agency. So long as the City has complied with the provisions set forth in ORS 697.105 (as hereafter amended), in the event the City turns over a delinquent tax account to a collection agency, it may add to the amount owing an amount equal to the collection agency fees, which shall not exceed the amount allowed by Oregon law.

**Section 11: Confidentiality:** Except as otherwise required by law, it shall be unlawful for the City, any officer, employee or agent to divulge, release or make known in any manner any financial

information submitted or disclosed to the City under the terms of this ordinance. Nothing in this section shall prohibit:

- A. The disclosure of the names and addresses of any person who is operating a licensed establishment from which marijuana is sold or provided; or
- B. The disclosure of general statistics in a form which would not reveal an individual seller's financial information; or
- C. Presentation of evidence to the court, or other tribunal having jurisdiction in the prosecution of any criminal or civil claim by the City Manager or an appeal from the City Manager for amount due the City under this ordinance; or
- D. The disclosure of information when such disclosure of conditionally exempt information is ordered under public records law procedures; or
- E. The disclosures of records related to a business' failure to report and remit the tax when the report or tax is in arrears for over six months or the tax exceeds five thousand dollars (\$5,000). The City Council expressly finds and determines that the public interest in disclosure of such records clearly outweighs the interest in confidentiality under ORS 192.501(5).

### **Section 12: Audit of Books, Records or Persons:**

- A. It shall be the duty of every seller liable for the collection and payment to the City of any tax imposed by this ordinance to keep and preserve, for a period of five years, all records, books, reports, income tax reports and other matters required by this ordinance as may be necessary to determine the amount of such tax as the seller may have been liable for the collection of and payment to the City, which records the City Manager shall have the right to inspect at all reasonable times as set forth below. Every operator shall maintain records of marijuana and marijuana infused product purchase and sales, accounting books and records of income. Sellers must, at a minimum include a cash receipt and deposit journal and a cash disbursements journal/check register for all authorized deductions. These records and books shall reconcile to the tax reports and be auditable. They shall also reconcile to the seller's income tax reports. If the City Manager finds the books and records of the seller are deficient in that they do not provide adequate support for tax reports filed, or the seller's accounting system is not auditable, it shall be the responsibility of the seller to improve its accounting system to the satisfaction of the City Manager.
- B. The City, for the purpose of determining the correctness of any tax return, or for the purpose of an estimate of taxes due, may examine or may cause to be examined by an agent or representative designated by the City for that purpose, any books, papers, records, or memoranda, including copies of seller's state and federal income tax return, bearing upon the matter of the seller's tax return. All books, invoices, accounts and other records shall be made available within the City limits and be open at any time during regular business hours for examination by the City Manager or authorized agent of the City Manager. If any taxpayer refuses to voluntarily furnish any of the foregoing information when requested, the City Manager may immediately seek a subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction to require that the taxpayer or a representative of the

taxpayer attend a hearing or produce any such books, accounts and records for examination.

### **Section 13: Penalties:**

- A. It is unlawful for any seller or any other person so required to fail or refuse to furnish any return required to be made, or fail or refuse to furnish the supplementary return or other data required by the City Manager or to enter a false or fraudulent report, with intent to defeat or evade the determination of any amount due required by this ordinance.
- B. Violation of any provision of the ordinance shall be punishable by a penalty of up to \$500 per occurrence. Every day in which the violation is caused or permitted to exist constitutes a separate occurrence, and the punishment therefore shall be in addition to any other penalty, interest, sum or charge imposed by this ordinance. Delinquent taxes and fees, penalty and interest imposed by this ordinance may be collected in a civil action.
- C. The remedies provided by this section are not exclusive and shall not prevent the City from exercising any other remedy available under the law, nor shall the provisions of this ordinance prohibit or restrict the City or other appropriate prosecutor from pursuing criminal charges under state law or City ordinance.

### **Section 14: Forms and Regulations:**

- A. The City Manager is hereby authorized to prescribe forms and promulgate rules and regulations to aid in the making of returns, the ascertainment, assessment and collection of said marijuana tax and in particular and without limiting the general language of this chapter, to provide for:
  - 1) A form or report on sales and purchases to be supplied to all vendors;
  - 2) The records which sellers providing marijuana and marijuana-infused products are to keep concerning the tax imposed by this ordinance.

<u>Section 15:</u> Severability. The sections, subsections, paragraphs and clauses of this ordinance are severable. The invalidity of one section, subsection, paragraph, or clause shall not affect the validity of the remaining sections, subsections, paragraphs and clauses.

<u>Section 16: Savings</u>. Notwithstanding any amendment/repeal, the City ordinances in existence at the time any criminal or civil enforcement actions were commenced shall remain valid and in full force and effect for purposes of all cases filed or commenced during the times said ordinance(s) or portions thereof were operative. This section simply clarifies the existing situation that nothing in this Ordinance affects the validity of prosecutions commenced and continued under the laws in effect at the time the matters were originally filed.

<u>Section 17: Codification.</u> Provisions of this Ordinance shall be incorporated in the Municipal Code for the City of Coos Bay. The word "ordinance" may be changed to "code", "article", "section", "chapter" or another word, and the sections of the Ordinance may be renumbered, or re-lettered, provided however that any Whereas clauses and any boilerplate provisions need not be codified. The recorder is authorized to correct any cross-references and any typographical errors.

Section 18: Intergovernmental Agreement. The	
State of Oregon whereby a state department of	
collection, distribution, or enforcement of the tax a The terms of that agreement shall apply in lieu of	
this chapter but shall not be construed as repeali	
tino oriapter but shall not be constitued as repealing	ing any provision of this chapter.
Section 19: Emergency Provision. As the ena	actment of this Ordinance is deemed necessary
for the peace, health, and safety of the people of	the City of Coos Bay, an emergency is declared
to exist, and this ordinance shall be effective as o	of December 9, 2016.
The foregoing ordinance was enacted by the City	Council of the City of Coos Bay this day
of December 2016.	day
Yes:	
No:	
Absent:	
	Joe Benetti
	Mayor of the City of Coos Bay
	Coos County, Oregon
ATTEST:	
	_
Susanne Baker	
Recorder of the City of Coos Bay	
Coos County, Oregon	