CITY OF COOS BAY CITY COUNCIL Agenda Staff Report

MEETING DATE AGENDA ITEM NUMBER December 6, 2016

TO: Mayor Benetti and City Councilors

FROM: Susanne Baker, Finance Director

THROUGH: Rodger Craddock, City Manager

ISSUE: Acceptance of FYE 16 City Audit

BACKGROUND:

The City of Coos Bay engaged Pauly, Rogers and Co. to perform an external audit of the FYE 16 financial statements. Pauly, Rogers and Co. is an independent external auditor and directly responsible to the legislative body to express an opinion on the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements. Management is responsible for compliance with legal requirements, maintaining adequate internal controls, and conducting programs economically and efficiently.

Pauly, Rogers and Co. has issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements with no exceptions or issues requiring comment for the State minimum standards nor was there a management letter issued. An unmodified opinion means the City of Coos Bay has been given a "clean" opinion with no reservations. It is the independent auditor's judgment that the financial records and statements are fairly and appropriately presented, and in accordance with GAAP. An unmodified opinion is the most common type of auditor's report and the desired result.

Ms. Tara Kamp, from Pauly, Rogers and Co., will present the City's Audit for FYE 16 and in compliance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 114 (SAS 114), provide the Communication to the Governing Body SAS 114 Letter.

ADVANTAGES:

The audit process provides for full public disclosure and transparency in government.

DISADVANTAGES:

None.

BUDGET IMPLICATIONS:

An unqualified opinion from the auditor affects the City's credit worthiness and bond rating. This opinion continues the City of Coos Bay's history of being under sound fiscal management and positions the City well for future financings.

ACTION REQUESTED:

Staff proposes the Council accept the FYE 16 audit.

COMMUNICATION TO THE GOVERNING BODY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223



PAULY, ROGERS AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. ♦ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 ♦ (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

November 15, 2016

To the City Council City of Coos Bay Coos County, Oregon

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Coos Bay for the year ended June 30, 2016. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Purpose of the Audit

Our audit was conducted using sampling, inquiries and analytical work to opine on the fair presentation of the financial statements and compliance with:

- generally accepted accounting principles and auditing standards
- the Oregon Municipal Audit Law and the related administrative rules

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting.

Our responsibility for the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, as described by professional standards, is to evaluate the presentation of the supplementary information in relation to the financial statements as a whole and to report on whether the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; therefore, our audit involved judgment about the number of transactions examined and the areas to be tested.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of the City and its environment, including internal control, sufficient to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and to design the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures. Material misstatements may result from (1) errors, (2) fraudulent financial reporting, (3) misappropriation of assets, or (4) violations of laws or governmental regulations that are attributable to the City or to acts by management or employees acting on behalf of the City. We also communicated any internal control related matters that are required to be communicated under professional standards.

Results of Audit

- 1. Audit opinion letter an unmodified opinion on the financial statements has been issued. This means we have given a "clean" opinion with no reservations.
- 2. State minimum standards We found no exceptions or issues requiring comment.
- 3. Management letter No management letter was issued.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2016, except for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application. We noted no transactions entered into during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were Management's estimate of Accounts Receivable and Capital Asset Depreciation, which are based on estimated collectability of receivables and useful lives of assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements or determined that their effects are immaterial. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, taken as a whole. There were immaterial uncorrected misstatements noted during the audit which were discussed with management.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards with management each year prior to our retention as the auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Supplementary Information

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Other Information

With respect to the other information accompanying the financial statements, we read the information to identify if any material inconsistencies or misstatement of facts existed with the audited financial statements. Our results noted no material inconsistencies or misstatement of facts.

Other Matters – Future Accounting and Auditing Issues

In order to keep you aware of new auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accounts and accounting statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), we have prepared the following summary of the more significant upcoming issues:

IMPLICIT RATE SUBSIDY FOR OPEBs

In Oregon, an implicit rate subsidy is required for almost all entities, due to the fact that Oregon law requires that any retiree be allowed to buy-back into their former employer's health insurance plan. In the past, relatively small employers participating in a large, pooled health plan were sometimes exempt from having to account for an implicit rate subsidy due to a "community-rating" exception. In general, this exception applied when the claims experience of an individual employer would have virtually no impact on the premium being charged to that employer. The accounting standards that apply to OPEBs refer to the Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs) in determining whether a community-rated situation applied. However, the newly revised ASOP 6 virtually eliminated the concept of the community-rating exception. As a result, agencies participating in community-rated plans that had previously been exempt from

reporting liabilities due to an implicit rate subsidy may now be required to do so. We recommend that Management contact an actuary to determine if an actuarial study is required.

Best Practices - Not Significant Deficiencies

1. Segregation of Duties

Because of a limited number of available personnel, it is not always possible to adequately segregate certain incompatible duties so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of a transaction. Consequently, the possibility exists that unintentional or intentional errors or irregularities could exist and not be promptly detected. We recommend that the City Council continually monitor the financial activities to mitigate this risk and consider obtaining additional fidelity insurance coverage to compensate for this risk.

2. Minimum Number of Appropriated Funds

We noted that the City has more than the legally required number of funds. According to NCGA Statement 1, Paragraph 4, "Governmental units should establish and maintain those funds required by law and sound financial administration. Only the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and operating requirements should be established, however, since unnecessary funds result in inflexibility, undue complexity, and inefficient financial administration." We recommend that the City consider closing funds that are not required to be in a separate fund. Both GFOA (Government Finance Officers Association) and GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) encourage governments to use the minimum number of funds.

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MANAMAnp, CPA

Tara M Kamp, CPA PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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CITY COUNCIL	TERM EXPIRES
Crystal Shoji, Mayor	November 2016
Stephanie Kramer, President	November 2018
Jennifer Groth	November 2018
Thomas Leahy	November 2018
Fred Brick	November 2016
Mike Vaughan	November 2016
Mark Daily	November 2016

All council members receive mail at the address listed below.

ADMINISTRATION Rodger Craddock, City Manager City Hall 500 Central Avenue Coos Bay, OR 97420 This Page Intentionally Left Blank

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November 15, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Coos Bay Coos County, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Coos Bay as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Coos Bay-North Bend Water Board, which represent 15%, 21%, and 3%, respectively of the assets, net position and revenues of the City. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Coos Bay-North Bend Water Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Coos Bay, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application for the year ended June 30, 2016. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and required supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison schedules presented as Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and in our opinion are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information, as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The listing of board members containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, and the other information, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated November 15, 2016, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

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Tara M. Kamp, CPA PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



City of Coos Bay

Finance Department

500 Central Avenue, Coos Bay, Oregon 97420 • Phone 541-269-8915 • Fax 541-267-5912

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

As management of the City of Coos Bay (the City), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. We request readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City of Coos Bay's Urban Renewal Agency financial statements were blended with the City of Coos Bay's financial statements beginning fiscal year 2013 to comply with GASB 61.
- The City's assets totaled \$172,311,014 at June 30, 2016, consisting of \$25,648,214 in unrestricted cash and cash equivalents; \$107,960,478 in capital assets; \$25,869,826 investment in joint venture; and \$12,832,496 in other assets. Total assets decreased by \$2,190,700 from the previous fiscal year.
- The City's liabilities totaled \$28,014,796 at June 30, 2016, consisting of \$25,909,539 in noncurrent liabilities, \$105,951 in accrued interest, and \$1,999,306 in accounts payable and other liabilities. Total liabilities increased by \$5,493,203 from the previous fiscal year.
- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2016 by \$144,033,220 (net position), consisting of \$44,292,958 in unrestricted net position (which includes the invested in joint venture); \$92,466,219 investment in capital assets; and the remaining \$7,274,043 restricted for capital projects, debt service, and services and contributions. Unrestricted net position represents the amount that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- On the Statement of Net Position, the City's total net position decreased by \$4,493,056 from the
 previous fiscal year. This represents a decrease of \$441,432 in the combination of investment in
 capital assets net and invested in joint venture, an increase of \$607,079 restricted for debt service, an
 increase of \$390,374 restricted for capital projects, an increase of \$142,904 of restricted for other
 external requirements, and a decrease of \$5,191,981 in unrestricted.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's Balance Sheet Governmental Funds reported combined Fund Balance of \$20,145,776, a decrease of \$437,316 over the prior fiscal year. The total combined governmental fund equity balance is composed of \$7,274,043 (36%) in restricted funds, \$4,823,604 (24%) in nonspendable funds, \$5,309,191 (26%) in assigned funds, \$2,738,938 (14%) in unassigned funds.
- The City's unassigned fund balance for the General Fund, \$2,805,599 at June 30, 2016 decreased \$439,647 from June 30, 2015. The unassigned general fund balance represents 82% of the general fund available for spending at the government's discretion in the budget process.

The City's total governmental and business activities long term debt had a net decrease of \$1,102,692 during the current fiscal year to an ending balance of \$19,617,117. Long term debt payments began for a technology loan for infrastructure upgrades; continuing draw down of the IFA #1 and #2 loans from the State of Oregon for wastewater improvements beginning in 2013; a new Oregon Transportation Infrastructure Bank loan for the joint venture capital project to improve the water lines in South Empire Blvd; and early payoff of the Urban Renewal Agency Empire District 2003 debt. This also includes bond premium, OPEB liability, and two inter-fund loan repayments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is written for the purpose of introducing the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements present information about the City using the method of accounting similar to that used by private-sector companies, called the full-accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting reveals assets and liabilities as well as revenue and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid. This provides a broad view of the financial picture of the City. The full-accrual basis differs from the modified-accrual basis of accounting used by the governmental fund financial statements of the City, which focus on the use of spendable resources and the balance of such resources in the short-term period of one fiscal year.

The Statement of Net Position reveals the total assets and liabilities of the City, with the difference being the *net position*. The net position may serve as one of the key performance measurements over time to gauge whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities reveals the detail of the change in the City's net position for the year ending June 30, 2016. All activities affecting net position are included, regardless of the timing of cash flow, which may be in future fiscal periods.

		Government	al A	ctivities	15	Business-ty	pe /	Activities		То	tal	
	-	2015		2016		2015		2016	+	2015		2016
Current and Other Assets	\$	32,059,203	\$	29,852,985	\$	7,325,295	\$	8,627,725	ş	39,384,498	\$	38,480,710
Investment in Coos Bay-North Bend Water Board (restated)		25,178,448		25,869,826		0		0	ŗ,	25,178,448		25,869,826
Capital Assets, net	_	89,965,935		87,896,228		19,972,833		20,064,250		109,938,768		107,960,478
Total Assets	_	147,203,586		143,619,039	-	27,298,128	-	28,691,975	-	174,501,714		172,311,014
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1	168,180		1,458,104		0		178,192		168,180	1	1,636,296
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding		17,197,910		21,285,147		4,706,380		5,854,043		21,904,290		27,139,190
Other Liabilities	-	433,092		626,848	-	184,211	_	248,758		617,303		875,60
Total Liabilities	Ξ	17,631,002	-	21,911,995		4,890,591	-	6,102,801		22,521,593	C.P.	28,014,79
Deferred Inflows of Resources	Ξ	3,182,997		1,671,379		439,028		227,915		3,622,025		1,899,294
Net Position:												
Invested in Capital Assets, Net		78,172,419		77,326,106		15,426,610		15,140,113		93,599,029		92,466,21
Invested in Joint Venture (restated)		25,178,448		25,869,826		0		0		25,178,448		25,869,82
Restricted for debt service		4,270,337		4,877,416	Ľ	0		D		4,270,337		4,877,41
Restricted for capital projects		524,516		914,890		0		0		524,516		914,89
Restricted for other		1,338,833		1,481,737		0		0		1,338,833		1,481,73
Unrestricted	1	17,073,214		11,023,794		6,541,899		7,399,338		23,615,113	-	18,423,13
Total Net Position	\$	126,557,767	\$	121,493,769	\$	21,968,509	5	22,539,451	\$	148,526,276	\$	144,033,22

City of Coos Bay's Net Position at June 30th

Both of the government-wide financial statements are designed to present information by function of the government. *Governmental activities* are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue for the purpose of identifying, planning, and execution of urban renewal strategies to improve the livability of the City of Coos Bay. These activities are separated from *business-type activities*, which are supported primarily from user fees and charges directly linked to the services provided. The City's governmental activities include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, community promotion, and urban renewal. GASB 61 modified the criteria for inclusion of component unit reporting for financial statement purposes. The City of Coos Bay's Urban Renewal Agency was blended in FYE 13 and presented as funds within the City's financial statements. The business-type activities of the City are comprised of wastewater treatment and disposal operations and building permits.

The government-wide financial statements of the City of Coos Bay includes the legally separate governmental unit, Coos Bay Urban Renewal Agency, which is considered a blended component unit. Detailed financial statements can be obtained from the Finance Department at 500 Central Avenue, Coos Bay, Oregon, 97420, (541) 269-8915, or via the web at www.coosbay.org.

		Governmen	tal /	Activities		Business-ty	pe /	Activities	Total			
		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016
Revenues				1000						1 al 1		
Program Revenues				1000	2			ST - 11				
Charges for Services	\$	2,133,906	\$	914,421	\$	6,165,805	\$	5,748,342	\$	8,299,711	\$	6,662,763
Operating Grants & Contributions		685,653		708,399		0		0		685,653		708,399
Capital Grants & Contributions		52,211		463,895		0		0		52,211		463,895
General Revenues												
Property Taxes		8,194,836		8,171,896		0		Q	h	8,194,836		8,171,896
Other Taxes		4,208,712		4,656,199	1	0		0		4,208,712		4,656,199
Intergovernmental		600,732		1,302,391		321,000		755,956		921,732		2,058,347
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		0		(7,213)		D		0		o		(7,213)
Income from Investment in Coos Bay-North Bend Water Board (restated)		581,223		691,378		D		0		581,223		691,378
Transfer		416,075		943,067		(419,216)		(943,067)		(3,141)		0
Interest Income		104,488		114,201		43,496		65,904		147,984		180,105
Miscellaneous Income		11,191		537,968		175,656		89,802	-	186,847		627,770
Total Revenues	_	16,989,027		18,496,602	1	6,286,741		5,716,937	_	23,275,768	-	24,213,539
Expenses												
General Government		1,118,688		2,137,959		0		0		1,118,688		2,137,959
Public Safety		5,093,006		10,872,346		0		0	Ŀ.	5,093,006		10,872,346
Public Works		6,195,903		7,668,666		0		0		6,195,903		7,668,666
Culture & Recreation		1,208,638		2,156,187		0		Ó		1,208,638		2,156,187
Building Codes		0		0		185,484		344,302		185,484		344,302
Interest on Long-term Debt		769,337		725,442		0		0		769,337		725,442
Wastewater		0		0		3,841,983		4,801,693		3,841,983		4,801,693
Total Expenses	1	14,385,572		23,560,600		4,027,467	1	5,145,995		18,413,039		28,706,595
Change in Net Position		2,603,455		(5,063,998)		2,259,274		570,942		4,862,729		(4,493,056)
Net Position restated- Beginning		123,954,312		126,557,767		19,709,235	1	21,968,509		143,663,547		148,526,276
Net Position- Ending	\$	126,557,767	\$	121,493,769	\$	21,968,509	s	22,539,451	\$	148,526,276	\$	144,033,220

City of Coos Bay's Changes in Net Position at June 30th

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used for the purpose of maintaining control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with legal requirements for financial activities. All of the funds of the City can be divided between two categories: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental funds. A governmental fund accounts for generally the same types of activities as governmental activities, with the primary difference being the measurement focus. Governmental funds focus on *current financial resources*, which include the measurement of inflows and outflows of spendable resources within a fiscal year as well as the balances of resources at the end of the fiscal year. In contrast, governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements focus on *total economic resources* during the fiscal year, encompassing a longer-term view.

Fund financial statements include the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The difference in the measurement focus of the governmental-fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements calls for reconciliations between the two types of statements in order to fully explain the specific differences. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the governments. These reconciliations between governmental funds to governmental activities illuminate the long-term impact of the City's short-term financial decisions.

The City maintains 33 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, jurisdictional exchange fund, revenue bond fund, major capital reserve fund, and downtown capital projects urban renewal agency fund of which are all considered major funds. The City has implemented GASB 54 and reduced the number of budgetary funds without a dedicated source of revenue. Data from the other 25 non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation of each of these statements. In addition, the City is required to report separate schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the three major funds that incorporate both the original and final budgets. Supplementary data provides schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the non-major funds. The City's governing actual results and variances to the annual appropriated budget as adopted by the City's governing body.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains only three enterprise-type proprietary funds. These funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type* activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same information in greater detail than the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater operations, wastewater capital improvements, and building permit operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the financial statements are an essential part of a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents combining financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules for the 25 non-major governmental funds. This information can be found on pages Combining Statements and/or Supplementary Information sections of this report.

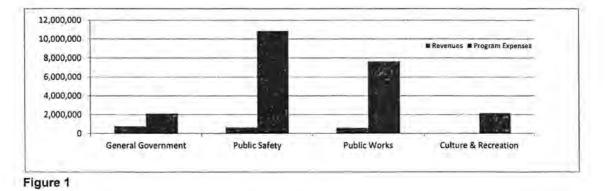
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As mentioned earlier, net position may serve as one of the key performance measurements over time to gauge whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$144,033,220 at the close of the fiscal year.

Net position for the City is divided into several categories. The largest category is net investment in capital assets and invested in joint venture at \$118,336,045 (82%). This represents investment in land, infrastructure, and construction in progress, less accumulated depreciation and debt used to purchase these capital assets. The City uses these assets to provide services to citizens; thus, capital assets are not available for future spending. It should also be noted that these assets do not generate revenue to service the associated debt. Thus, resources to pay the debt must come from other sources, specifically *unrestricted* net position. The investment in capital assets net of related debt includes the net investment in the Coos Bay-North Bend Water Board (which represents 50/50 ownership with the City of North Bend) and those assets of the Urban Renewal Agency.

The second largest resource is unrestricted net position, \$18,423,132 (13%). The unrestricted fund balance may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to the City's citizens and creditors. The next three categories are externally restricted for capital projects, \$914,890; restricted for debt service, \$4,877,416; and restricted for other external purposes \$1,481,737. The City was able to maintain positive balances in all categories in both the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year. On the Statement of Activities the City's net position decreased by \$4,493,056 during the current fiscal year mainly due to the pension liability recorded pursuant to the implementation of GASB 68 for the City of Coos Bay. The City of Coos Bay participates in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) which is a defined benefit pension plan. GASB 68 required the City to include in their financial statements the net pension asset or liability against the City's net position. FYE 16 was the second year of this reporting and as noted in the independent PERS audit report and Schedule of Pension Amounts under GASB 68 using the measurement date of June 30, 2015. The timing in the availability of the PERS net pension asset or liability figure necessitates this figure will always be a one year delay in the recording.

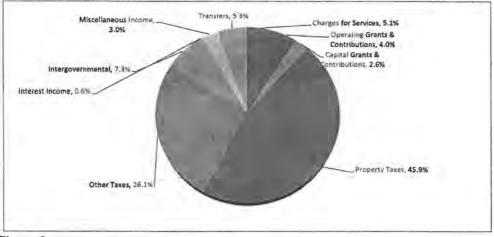
Governmental activities. On the Statement of Activities, the Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$5,063,998 which can mainly be attributed to the net pension liability. This was offset by increased transfers, transient occupancy tax, and franchise fees. Decreases included property taxes and a loss in the disposal of capital assets.



Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

Governmental activities expense increased due to the complexity in reporting the PERS pension liability in the financial statements. FYE 16 reconciled the first year reporting of the FYE 15 pension asset to the FYE 16 pension liability. Increasing depreciation expense and less capitalization of capital assets also attributed to the increase in governmental activities expense. The City's total property tax revenue

(Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and Balances of Taxes Uncollected) as noted at the end of this audit, increased by \$5,055 due to the slight increase in taxable assessed values.



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



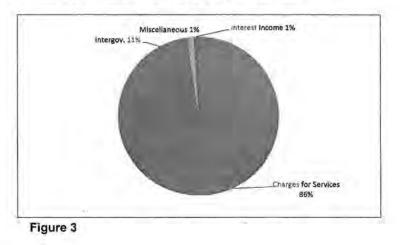
Business-type activities. On the Statement of Activities the Business-type activities contributed to the City's net position by \$570,942, which was largely due increases: FYE 15 annual May 6.5% sewer rate increase; building permit fees; and the Charleston Sanitary District accounts receivable for their proportionate share of operations, maintenance, and construction for Wastewater Treatment Plant No. 2. Charleston Sanitary District's arrearage is anticipated to be reduced pending the award of grant funding which is contingent upon the Coos Bay City Council's final direction on the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality approved plans and specifications.

The business-type activities are wastewater (operations and capital improvements) and building codes. The primary source of revenue for wastewater operations is charges for services based on sewer user fees with the expenditures comprised of the daily operations. Loan proceeds continue to be drawn down on the IFA #1 and #2 loans from the State of Oregon for wastewater system capital improvement projects. The only revenue source for the building codes division is charges for services based upon permit fees with the expenditures comprised of the daily operations of the permit center.

The wastewater business-type activities revenues decreased from the prior year due to the May 2016 annual sewer rate increase of 6.5% not being implemented and the slight change in the methodology of sewer billings. The wastewater business-type activities expenses increased due to the ongoing wastewater infrastructure capital improvement projects, depreciation of assets, and recording of the GASB 68 pension liability.

The building code business-type activities revenues increased as a result of a fee increase. The building code business-type activities expenses increased primarily due to the allocation of the PERS net pension liability.

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As mentioned earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information can be used to evaluate the City's ability to meet its financing requirements. Unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources that are available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. A full explanation of the fund balance classifications can be found within the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

As of June 30, 2016, the City's Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,145,776, a decrease of \$437,316 over the prior fiscal year. Of this ending fund balance, the General Fund contributed \$3,429,827, the Jurisdictional Exchange Fund contributed \$4,733,339, the Revenue Bond Fund contributed \$3,853,129, and the other governmental funds contributed \$8,129,481.

The primary operating fund of the City is the General Fund. At June 30, 2016, the General Fund balance had \$16,731 (<1%) in nonspendable funds, \$6,996 (<1%) in restricted funds, \$600,501 (18%) in assigned funds, and \$2,805,599 (82%) in unassigned funds. One way to measure liquidity for the General Fund is with the ratio of unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures, which is 29.17%. This ratio decreased 9.5% from June 30, 2015.

The General Fund balance for GASB 54 purposes, net change in fund balance in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds for June 30, 2016, decreased \$329,815 in the current fiscal year. This represents an 8.8% decrease over the June 30, 2015 General Fund balance. The key factor is the recording of the PERS pension liability and slight increase, \$5,055, in property tax revenues.

The Jurisdictional Exchange Fund was formed when the City received ownership of over 23 lane miles from the State of Oregon in exchange for \$4.8 million. The corpus of this fund, \$4.8 million, is restricted from expenditure by City Charter, and allows only the amount over the \$4.8 million for maintenance. During 2012-2013, this fund did not earn a sufficient amount of interest revenue to offset the debt service which required a loan be obtained from the General Fund for the final three debt service payments. This debt matured in FYE 14 and loan payments to the General Fund continued in FYE 16.

The Revenue Bond Fund was created to pay debt service payments and includes transfers from the wastewater fund as a reserve for future wastewater debt service payments. The transferred wastewater funds will help pay future debt service incurred for the planned wastewater capital improvements and subsequently will buy down future rate increases for sewer users. The funds primary revenue sources were transfers from other funds and receipts from the Coos Bay North Bend Water Board for their respective debt service payments. The fund balance at June 30, 2016 was \$3,853,129.

The Other Governmental Funds includes the Urban Renewal Agency Downtown Capital Projects Fund The Downtown District has two bonds with the first to mature June 30, 2018 and the Visitor Information Center bond maturing June 15, 2019. The District's major capital project was the restoration of the Egyptian Theatre which included community support from the Egyptian Theatre Preservation Association (ETPA) with contributions through grants and fundraising. Expenditures in FYE 16 slowed as a result of the completion of the façade. This fund included the expenses for the fencing project along Highway 101 from the Historical Rail Museum north along the downtown waterfront and boardwalk. The Urban Renewal Agency Empire Capital Projects Fund paid its only debt off one year early. The District's major capital project was the grant match for the Oregon Department of Transportation Empire Blvd sidewalk project from Newmark Avenue south to the city limits at Wisconsin Avenue. This project should be completed in FYE 17.

Proprietary funds. The City's three proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements in greater detail. The Wastewater Fund is utilized for the daily operations of the wastewater treatment plants, pump stations, and sanitary and storm water collection lines; the Wastewater Improvement Fund is used for capital improvements to the wastewater system; and the Building Codes Fund is for the daily operations of administering permit issuance and inspections. The unrestricted net position of the combined proprietary funds as of June 30, 2016 on the Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds was \$2,504,168 and the net investment in capital assets \$20,035,283. The total increase in proprietary funds net position on the Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds for the current fiscal year was \$570,942.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The total appropriated budget of the General Fund for fiscal year 2015-16 was \$13,107,538 of which \$10,560,207 was the actual. The General Fund actual expenditures were comprised of general government \$1,302,009 or 12%, public safety \$7,038,321 or 67%, public works \$1,276,853 or 12%, and other financing sources/uses \$943,022 or 9%. There were amendments to the adopted budget during the year to appropriate grant funds, insurance proceeds, and a technology infrastructure upgrade project for correct appropriation levels. It should be noted the budgetary general fund differs from the general fund required by GASB 54. The City's budget can be found on the website coosbay.org or by contacting the Finance Department.

The 2015–16 Coos County Summary of Assessment and Tax Roll Table 4a, Line 17 Value to Compute the Tax Rate, less urban renewal excess value, was \$892,192,003. This value increased \$14,809,843, approximately 1.69%, over the 2014-15 total tax assessed value, less the urban renewal excess value, of \$106,264,192 (2015–16 Coos County Summary of Assessment and Tax Roll Table 4a, Line 16 Subtract Urban Renewal Excess). The slow economic recovery has required the City to remain vigilant in budgeting and developing revenue resources to increase the General Fund carryover due to the slow growth in the taxable assessed value.

The IFA #1 and #2 loans from the State of Oregon for wastewater system capital improvement projects required a pledge of net revenues of the wastewater system. As the recipient of IFA funds, the City of Coos Bay agreed to charge rates and fees in connection with the operation of the wastewater system at least equal to 120% of the annual debt service due in the fiscal year on the loan.

The Oregon Department of Environmental Quality Clean Water State Revolving Fund (DEQ SRF) loan required the City of Coos Bay to maintain wastewater rates and charge fees in connection with the operation of the wastewater facilities that are adequate to generate net operating revenues in each fiscal

year sufficient to pay all debt service, all other financing obligations imposed in connection with prior lien obligations of the borrower, and an amount equal to the debt service coverage factor of 105% multiplied by the debt service payments due in that fiscal year. The following chart provides the annual analysis to evidence compliance with the IFA and DEQ pledges.

Wastewater IFA and DEQ SRF Net Revenues Calculation

FY	E 15	F	YE 16
\$ 5	787,238	\$1	5,040,483
\$ 3	,313,312	\$3	3,416,405
\$ 2	,473,926	\$3	2,624,078
\$	77,444	\$	144,751
	120%		120%
			105%
\$	92,933	\$	173,701
\$	1.11	\$	151,988
	\$ 5, \$ 3 \$ 2, \$ \$	120% \$ 92,933	\$ 5,787,238 \$ (\$ 3,313,312 \$ 2 \$ 2,473,926 \$ 2 \$ 77,444 \$ 120% \$ 92,933 \$

Figure 4

GASB 60 was implemented in FYE 2013 and there were no service concession arrangements. GASB 61 was also implemented in FYE 13 and the Coos Bay Urban Renewal Agency has become a blended component unit of the City of Coos Bay as presented within the City's financial statements. GASB 63 was implemented in FYE 13 which required certain transactions to be reflected as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources.

GASB 65 was implemented in FYE 2014 which expanded on GASB 63 and the requirements to report certain transactions as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources.

GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 were implemented in FYE 15 which required employers to report pension information in the financial statements for fiscal periods beginning on or after June 15, 2014. These requirements incorporate provisions intended to reflect the effects of transactions and events related to pensions in the measurement of employer liabilities for pensions and recognition of pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

The City of Coos Bay contracts with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) to administer the City employee's benefit trust as regulated through Oregon Revised Statute 237. As the benefit administrator, PERS contracted with third-party actuaries to provide Oregon employers with the required information for financial reporting related to PERS pensions provided through the Plan. The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements contain the required schedules which include the City of Coos Bay's proportionate share of allocated pension amounts.

As of June 30, 2016 the City's reported a net pension liability of \$6,292,422. The net pension liability measurement date was June 30, 2015. The actuarial valuation date rolled forward was initially December 31, 2013. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share prior to the measurement date was .095% and .109% at the measurement date. As a result of GASB 68 and 71, the net pension liability contributed to the decrease in net position.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - The City's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities, including the joint venture capital assets of the Coos Bay North Bend Water Board, as of June 30, 2016 amounted to \$133,830,304 (net of accumulated depreciation). The fixed asset for the fire station was capitalized when the project was completed and the debt was subsequently included at that time. This investment in capital assets includes land, improvements and buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure - streets, plant and systems, intangibles, and construction in progress. The City's total overall net investment in capital assets decreased 1.8% and was comprised of governmental activities due to depreciation and less construction in progress offset by a slight increase in business-type activities, where asset additions outpaced depreciation with the completion of wastewater projects and increase in construction in progress.

	Governmenta	Acti	vities	Business-typ	e A	ctivities		Tot	tal	
	 2015	~~~	2016	2015		2016	_	2015		2016
Land & assets not depreciated	 4,451,521		4,612,393	\$ 100 March 1	\$		\$	4,451,521	\$	4,612,393
Land improvements	507,705		462,191	688,398		688,028		1,196,102		1,150,219
Buildings & improvements	13,780,581		13,401,711	0		0		13,780,581		13,401,711
Machinery & equipment	580,339		588,276	950,416		1,029,410		1,530,755		1,617,686
Vehicles	1,073,439		1,037,652	694,264		603,309		1,767,703		1,640,961
Infrastructure - streets	67,589,746		63,862,568	0		0		67,589,746		63,862,568
Plant & systems	0		0	12,576,812		13,420,214		12,576,812		13,420,214
Intangibles	40,887		36,425	0		0		40,887		36,425
Construction in progress	1,941,718		3,895,017	5,062,943		4,323,289		7,004,661		8,218,306
Total	\$ 89,965,935	\$	87,896,228	\$ 19,972,833	\$	20,064,250	\$	109,938,768	\$	107,960,478

City of Coos Bay's Capital Assets at June 30th

Debt Administration - The City's long-term debt as of June 30, 2016 is \$19,617,117, a decrease of \$1,102,692 from June 30, 2015. The Governmental and Business-Type Activities June 30, 2016 long-term debt included \$85,471, \$3,395,000, 404,000, and \$4,341,564 to be paid by the Coos Bay- North Bend Water Board; \$4,570,000 in the form of a General Obligation Bond for the construction of a new Fire Station in 2008 which will be paid for with property tax General Fund revenue; \$553,892 in OPEB liability; \$88,495 in bond premium; \$303,331 loan from US Bank to fund the purchase of property for the expansion of Wastewater Treatment Plant No. 2; \$2,759,512 IFA #1 State of Oregon loan for wastewater capital improvement; \$1,861,294 IFA #2 State of Oregon loan for wastewater capital improvement; a \$740,322 and \$485,283 Downtown Urban Renewal Agency bonds of which the later was for the construction of the Visitor Information Center in 2009. Other debt obligations not included are two interfund loans principal totaling \$477,974 and a loan with a technology firm for \$28,953 for technology infrastructure upgrades.

Oregon Revised Statute 287A.050(2) limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to three percent of the real market value of the taxable property within its boundary less existing outstanding general obligation debt. The 2015-16 real market value from the Coos County Summary of Assessment and Tax Roll was \$1,101,007,196 and the three percent limit less the principal outstanding for the 2009 Fire Station general obligation bond would allow for additional general obligation debt of \$28,460,216.

In fiscal year 2012-13, the City was approved for a loan from the Infrastructure Financing Authority (IFA #1) for \$4,303,213 at an interest rate of 1.94% for a maximum term of 20 years. The approval included a maximum grant of \$500,000 to be received at the end of the disbursement of the loan proceeds for wastewater construction. In fiscal year 2013-14, the City was approved for a loan from the Infrastructure Financing Authority (IFA #2) for \$7,034,025 at an interest rate of 1% for a maximum term of 20 years. The approval included a maximum grant of \$750,000 to be received at the end of the disbursement of the loan proceeds for a loan from the Infrastructure Financing Authority (IFA #2) for \$7,034,025 at an interest rate of 1% for a maximum term of 20 years. The approval included a maximum grant of \$750,000 to be received at the end of the disbursement of the loan proceeds for wastewater construction. Disbursements were made from both loans in 2015-16.

This analysis also includes a copy of the Oregon State Treasury Overlapping Debt report as of June 30, 2016 to compliance with continuing debt disclosures for the 2016 refunding of debt for the joint venture.

City of Coos Bay's Outstanding Debts at June 30th

	Governmen	tal /	Activities	E	usiness-typ	pe/	Activities		To	tal	
	2015		2016	15	2015		2016		2015		2016
OPEB Liability	\$ 498,621	\$	553,892	\$	•	\$	1 million - 2 million	\$	498,621	\$	553,892
Bond Premium	96,813		88,495	11					96,813		88,495
General Obligations	4,860,000		4,570,000	1.1					4,860,000		4,570,000
Revenue Bonds/Secured Loans	6,092,546		4,620,604	2	· · ·				6,092,546		4,620,603
Revenue Secured Loans	89,636		85,473	6.			6		89,636		85,473
Business Loans	4,535,971		4,774,517		4,546,223		4,924,137	1	9,082,194		9,698,654
Total	\$ 16,173,586	\$	14,692,981	s	4,546,223	\$	4,924,137	5	20,719,809	\$	19,617,117

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The following economic factors currently affect the City of Coos Bay and were considered in developing the 2016 – 2017 fiscal year budget. Like all cities in Oregon, the City is operating under Measure 50, the ad valorem tax limitation measure approved by voters on May 20, 1997. This measure rolled back assessed values to 1995-96 levels and effectively limited increased property tax revenues the City could anticipate in future years to a maximum of three percent, with permitted allowances for increasing valuations based on new construction. No substantive changes to the basic provisions of Measure 50 have been enacted during subsequent Oregon Legislative sessions.

- The City Council budgeted a 6.5% Wastewater sewer rate increase for FYE 17 pursuant to the June 2009 rate study plan.
- Taxable assessed value increased in 2015- 2016 and was considered in the 2016-2017 budget where the taxable assessed value was estimated to increase one percent.
- The City's permanent tax rate continues at \$6.3643.
- Interest rates were expected to increase slightly throughout fiscal year 2016-2017.
- Medical insurance premiums increased less than one percent, .5% and dental premiums increased 9.5%. The medical premium (not including vision or dental) is based on a 24 month look-back period directly related to the City's employees and their dependents actual claim history. Also included are retirees who have retained CIS insurance and anyone who was previously employed and eligible for COBRA. The employees cost share of the medical/dental/vision premiums continued at 10%.
- The PERS pension for the State of Oregon's 2015-2017 biennium increased an average of 33.3%: Tiers 1 and 2, 17.11%; OPSRP General Service 8.81%; and OPSRP Police/Fire 12.92%.
- The contracted labor union, International Association of Firefighters, contract will expire June 30, 2017.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate its accountability for the resources it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department at 500 Central Avenue, Coos Bay, Oregon, 97420, (541) 269-8915, or via the web at www.coosbay.org.

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Susanne Baker City of Coos Bay Finance Director

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 18,794,502	\$ 6,853,712	\$ 25,648,214
Receivables (Net of Allowance For Uncollectible)	2,808,844	1,773,263	4,582,107
Prepaids	23,118	750	23,868
Supply Inventory	486	100	486
Investment in Joint Venture	25,869,826		25,869,826
Capital Assets:	20,000,020		20,000,020
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	8,507,411	4,323,289	12,830,700
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	79,388,817	15,740,961	95,129,778
Noncurrent Assets;	13,000,017	13,740,901	35,169,170
Note Receivable - Due Within One Year	539,152		539,152
Note Receivable - Due in More Than One Year	7,686,883		7,686,883
Note Receivable - Due in More Than One Tear	1,000,005		7,080,883
Total Assets	143,619,039	28,691,975	172,311,014
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related Deferral	1,306,742	178,192	1,484,934
Deferred Charge on Refunding	151,362	<u>*</u>	151,362
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,458,104	178,192	1,636,296
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	282,024	248,758	530,782
Payroll and Payroll Taxes Payable	238,873		238,873
Interest Payable	105,951	E	105,95
Accrued Vacation	1,054,835	174,816	1,229,65
Noncurrent Liabilities:	100 1000		
Due Within One Year:			
Revenue Secured Loans Payable	964,190	65,000	1,029,190
Bonds Payable	305,000	•	305,00
Note Payable	232,188		232,18
Due in More Than One Year:	1.000		6 20 20 20
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	5,537,332	755,090	6,292,422
Revenue Secured Loans Payable	3,741,886	4,859,137	8,601,023
Bonds Payable	4,265,000	•	4,265,000
Note Payable	4,542,329	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,542,329
OPEB Obligation	553,892	÷	553,893
Bond Premium	88,495	·	88,49
Total Liabilities	21,911,995	6,102,801	28,014,790
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	a Maria		
Net Deferred Pension Asset	1,671,379	227,915	1,899,294
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,671,379	227,915	1,899,29
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	77,326,106	15,140,113	92,466,21
Invested in Joint Venture-Unrestricted	25,869,826		25,869,82
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	914,890	G. 10	914,89
Debt Services	4,877,416		4,877,41
Services and Contributions	1,481,737	1 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	1,481,73
Unrestricted	11,023,794	7,399,338	18,423,13
Total Net Position	\$ 121,493,769	\$ 22,539,451	\$ 144,033,22

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Progr	am Revenues			
		Expenses		harges for Services	G	Dperating trants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Functions/Programs									
Government									
Governmental Activities									
General Government	\$	2,137,959	\$	227,315	\$	546,809	S		
Public Safety		10,872,346		520,303		123,126		-	
Public Works		7,668,666		129,802		16,487		463,895	
Culture and Recreation		2,156,187		37,001		21,977			
Interest on Long-term Debt		725,442		÷					
Total Governmental Activities		23,560,600		914,421		708,399	-	463,895	
Business- Type Activities									
Wastewater		4,801,693		5,551,075					
Building Codes	-	344,302		197,267		<u>2</u>	_	÷	
Total Business-Type Activities	-	5,145,995	_	5,748,342	-				
Total Government	\$	28,706,595	\$	6,662,763	\$	708,399	S	463,895	

General Revenues

Taxes: Property Transient Occupancy Other Taxes Intergovernmental Franchise Fees Gain (Loss) on Joint Venture Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Asset Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - beginning of year

Net Position - end of year

	vernmental Activities	B	-	Total	
\$	(1,363,835) (10,228,917) (7,058,482) (2,097,209) (725,442) (21,473,885)	\$		\$	(1,363,835) (10,228,917) (7,058,482) (2,097,209) (725,442) (21,473,885)
	(21,475,005)	-			(21,475,005)
	2	_	749,382 (147,035)	1	749,382 (147,035)
_		_	602,347		602,347
	(21,473,885)	_	602,347		(20,871,538)
	8,171,896				8,171,896
	651,914				651,914
	2,052,695				2,052,695
	1,302,391		755,956		2,058,347
	1,951,590				1,951,590
	691,378				691,378
	(7,213)		65,904		(7,213)
	114,201 537,968		65,904 89,802		180,105 627,770
	943,067	_	(943,067)	_	
	16,409,887	_	(31,405)		16,378,482
	(5,063,998)		570,942		(4,493,056)
	126,557,767	-	21,968,509	_	148,526,276
\$	121,493,769	\$	22,539,451	\$	144,033,220

Net Revenue (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements -15-

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

		GENERAL FUND	E	SDICTIONAL EXCHANGE RESERVE	REVENUE BOND	GON	OTHER /ERNMENTAL	_	TOTAL
ASSETS:									
Cash and Investments	S	3,439,322	\$	4,851,313	\$ 3,853,129	\$	6,650,738	\$	18,794,502
Inventory		486							486
Receivables, Net									
Taxes		543,418		-	-		210,882		754,300
Accounts		445,370		-			1,255,130		1,700,500
Assessments		308,568			-		45,476		354,044
Interfund Receivable		117,974			-		360,000		477,974
Prepaid Expenses		16,245					6,873		23,118
Total Assets	\$	4,871,383	\$	4,851,313	\$ 3,853,129	\$	8,529,099	S	22,104,924

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY: T 1.4.104.

Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	97,294	\$		\$		\$	184,730	\$	282,024
Payroll and Payroll Taxes Payable		238,873		-						238,873
Interfund Payable		360,000		117,974			<u></u>	U.A.		477,974
Total Liabilities	-	696,167	_	117,974	-		_	184,730	_	998,871
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue-Special		436,821				•		42,379		479,200
Assessments		308,568				1.4		172,509		481,077
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	745,389	1		1		_	214,888	-	960,277
Fund Equity:										
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		16,731		4,800,000				6,873		4,823,604
Restricted		6,996		-		3,853,129		3,413,918		7,274,043
Assigned		600,501				1.1.1.1.1.1		4,708,690		5,309,191
Unassigned		2,805,599		(66,661)			-			2,738,938
Total Fund Balance	-	3,429,827	_	4,733,339	Ξ	3,853,129	-	8,129,481	12	20,145,776
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	4,871,383	\$	4,851,313	\$	3,853,129	5	8,529,099	\$	22,104,924

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements -16-

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

nd Balances			\$ 20,145,776
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole.			
Net Capital Assets			87,896,228
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are			
not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position.			
General Obligation Bonds	s	(4,570,000)	
Revenue Loans		(4,706,076)	
Bond Premium		(88,495)	
Notes and Contracts Payable		(4,774,517)	
Debt Issuance Difference		151,362	
Accrued Interest		(105,951)	
Net Adjustment			(14,093,63
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Accrued Vacation			(1,054,83
Net OPEB Obligation is not reported as a liability in the Governmental Fun	nds Balance Sheet		(553,89
Net Pension Liability			(5,537,33
Pension Related Deferrals			1,306,74
Net Deferred Pension Asset			(1,671,3
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are considered unavailable in the funds.			
Unavailable Revenue			960,27
Joint Venture Note Receivable			8,226,03
Joint Venture Equity Investment			 25,869,82
Total Net Position			121,493,76

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	¢	GENERAL FUND	E	SDICTIONAL XCHANGE RESERVE	j	REVENUE	GO	OTHER VERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES	67	3 141-141			1			CE CLEGED	3	6.157.670
Property Taxes	\$	5,550,986	\$		\$		S	2,600,982	\$	8,151,968
Other Taxes								2,704,609		2,704,609
Franchise Fees		1,951,590								1,951,590
Licenses and Permits		132,385		•						132,385
Intergovernmental		407,081		1 ÷ .		810,587		527,802		1,745,470
Grants		144,172						735,681		879,853
Other-Timber Sales						÷		35,000		35,000
Charges for Services		729,102						43,660		772,762
Charges for Use of Money and Property		119,988		31,464		÷.		56,552		208,004
Fines and Forfeitures		66,885								66,885
Miscellaneous	1	58,372	-		-	÷	_	203,013	2	261,385
Total Revenues	_	9,160,561	_	31,464	_	810,587	_	6,907,299		16,909,911
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		1,267,028		-				402,245		1,669,273
Public Safety		7,038,322						218,150		7,256,472
Public Works		1,276,853						1,808,474		3,085,327
Culture and Recreation		.,						1,512,206		1,512,206
Capital Outlay		34,984		1.1				2,518,539		2,553,523
Debt Service:		54,204						2,010,000		
Principal Retirement				1.00		563,572		1,461,516		2,025,088
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-		-	1,502	_	395,965	_	263,688	_	661,155
Total Expenditures	_	9,617,187	1	1,502	_	959,537	1	8,184,818	_	18,763,044
Excess of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures		(456,626)		29,962		(148,950)		(1,277,519)		(1,853,133)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES))									
Sale of Capital Assets								3,745		3,745
Loan Proceeds		435,021								435,021
Transfers In						935,467		2,417,126		3,352,593
Transfers Out		(346,717)				1.11		(2,062,809)		(2,409,526)
Insruance Recovery		33,984		-		- 14 A				33,984
Du Jour Financing - URA		452,277						447,754		900,031
Du Jour Financing - URA		(447,754)			_		_	(452,277)	-	(900,031)
Total Other Financing										
Sources, (Uses)	-	126,811	_		-	935,467	_	353,539	Ļ	1,415,817
Net Change in Fund Balance		(329,815)		29,962		786,517		(923,980)		(437,316)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING										
OF YEAR	-	3,759,642	-	4,703,377	-	3,066,612	-	9,053,461	-	20,583,092
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	- 5ac	3,429,827		4,733,339	\$	3,853,129	s	8,129,481	8	20,145,776

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements -18-

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities

ess of Revenues over Expenditures			\$	(437,316)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amoun by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	ıt			
Capitalized Additions	S	2,458,723		
Capital Asset Deletions	ų.	(10,958)		
Depreciation Expense		(4,517,473)		
	Q 	(323)		
Net Adjustment				(2,069,708)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds. expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, howev which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes in liability balances.	ver,			
Amortization of Bond Issue Difference	\$	(16,818)		
Amortization of Bond Premium/Discount		8,318		
GO Bonds, Notes and Contracts Payable		1,962,580		
Debt Issuance		(435,021)		
Accrued Vacation		(30,511)		
Net Pension Asset Changes		(4,613,825)		
OPEB Obligation		(55,271)		
Net Adjustment	2			(3,180,548)
Under the accrual basis of accounting, interest on long-term debt				
is accrued when payments are not due until after year end.				
Accrued Interest				6,721
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial				
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				
Property Taxes				19,928
Assessments Receivable				119
The payments from joint ventures are recorded in the governmental funds as rever provide current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, the payment the receivable from the joint venture.				
Decrease in Joint Venture Receivable				(94,572
			-	691,378
Gain (Loss) from Joint Venture				

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities									
	1	MAJOR WASTEWATER FUND		WASTEWATER MPROVEMENT FUND		BUILDING CODES FUND	I	TOTAL PROPRIETARY FUNDS		
ASSETS			-				-			
Current Assets Cash and Investments Receivables	s	2,094,881	\$	4,580,749	\$	178,082	\$	6,853,712		
Accounts Receivable, Net Prepaid Expenses		1,695,181		78,082		360		1,773,263 750		
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		4,323,289				300		4,323,289		
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	_	15,740,961	_	<u> </u>	_	1	_	15,740,961		
Total Assets	4	23,854,702	_	4,658,831	-	178,442	1	28,691,975		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension Related Deferrals	-	148,493	÷	•	-	29,699	_	178,192		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	148,493	_		_	29,699	1	178,192		
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Accrued Vacation		21,330 159,235		222,897		4,531 15,581		248,758 174,816		
Noncurrent Liabilities:		139,233				15,581		1/4,010		
Due within one year		-		65,000		-		65,000		
Due in more than one year:										
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability		629,242				125,848		755,090		
Revenue Secured Loan	-	28,967	1	4,830,170	-	<u> </u>	_	4,859,137		
Total Liabilities	-	838,774	_	5,118,067	_	145,960	_	6,102,801		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Net Deferred Pension Asset	-	189,929	-		-	37,986		227,915		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	189,929	_	· · ·	_	37,986	-	227,915		
NET POSITION										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	_	20,035,283 2,939,209	_	(459,236)	_	24,195	_	20,035,283 2,504,168		
Total Net Position	s	22,974,492	\$	(459,236)	\$	24,195	\$	22,539,451		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities							
	MAJOR WASTEWATER FUND			WASTEWATER IMPROVEMENT FUND		BUILDING CODES FUND		TOTAL ROPRIETARY FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES				-				
Licenses and Permits	\$	5,680	\$		\$	197,267	\$	202,947
Intergovernmental		755,956		-				755,956
Charges for Services		5,545,395	-		-		_	5,545,395
Total Operating Revenues	2	6,307,031	_		_	197,267		6,504,298
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personal Services		1,603,713		1.1.1		315,700		1,919,413
Materials and Services		1,551,833		936,001		28,602		2,516,436
Depreciation Expense	_	710,146			_		_	710,146
Total Operating Expenses	-	3,865,692		936,001	_	344,302	_	5,145,995
Income, (Loss) From Operations		2,441,339		(936,001)		(147,035)		1,358,303
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest on Investments		14,115		50,589		1,200		65,904
Other Revenue (Expenses)	-	78,292	_	11,460	-	50	_	89,802
Total Non-Operating Revenues	-	92,407	-	62,049	_	1,250	_	155,706
Income, (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		2,533,746		(873,952)		(145,785)		1,514,009
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS				12620164				Take S bais
Transfers In				1,650,433				1,650,433
Transfers Out	-	(2,588,200)	-		-	(5,300)	-	(2,593,500
Total Contributions and Transfers	_	(2,588,200)	_	1,650,433	_	(5,300)	_	(943,067
Change in Net Position		(54,454)		776,481		(151,085)		570,942
Beginning Net Position	-	23,028,946	1	(1,235,717)	-	175,280	2	21,968,509
Ending Net Position	\$	22,974,492	\$	(459,236)	\$	24,195	\$	22,539,451

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Business-type Activities					
		MAJOR WASTEWA FUND		10	ASTEWATER MPROVEMENT FUND		BÚILDING CODES FUND	đ	TOTAL PROPRIETARY FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		5.00	0.750		(22.012)		107.054		6.106.044
Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers	\$		50,752 34,546)	\$	(22,042) (886,705)	2	197,056 (30,598)	2	6,125,766 (2,451,849)
Payments to Employees	-	7.075.7	53,009)	_	(880,703)	_	(214,604)	_	(1,277,613)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		3,35	3,197	_	(908,747)		(48,146)	_	2,396,304
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVIT	IES								
Transfers from Other Funds			- 2		1,650,433		4		1,650,433
Transfers to Other Funds	-	(2,5)	38,200)				(5,300)		(2,593,500)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	-	(2,5)	38,200)	-	1,650,433	-	(5,300)		(943,067)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Capital Contributions			01,563)		· · · · · ·				(801,563)
Long term debt issuance			28,967		357,907		1.0		386,874
Other Revenue (Expenses)	-		78,292	-	2,500		50	-	80,842
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(6)	94,304)		360,407		50		(333,847)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1			1.000					
Interest on Investments	1		14,115	_	50,589	_	1,200		65,904
Net Increase, (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents			84,808		1,152,682		(52,196)		1,185,294
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	÷	2,0	10,073	ā.	3,428,067	_	230,278	_	5,668,418
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	2,0	94,881	\$	4,580,749	\$	178,082	\$	6,853,712
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities									
Operating Income Adjustments	\$	2,4	41,339	\$	(936,001)	\$	(147,035)	\$	1,358,303
Depreciation/Amortization		7	10,146		1				710,146
(Increase), Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(3	56,279)		(22,042)				(378,321)
(Increase), Decrease in Prepaids			40		-		(211)		(171)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation			16,260		1.0		(1,601)		14,659
Increase, (Decrease) in Pension items Increase, (Decrease) in Accounts Payable/Accrued Liabilities	-		24,444 17,247	-	49,296		102,697 (1,996)	_	627,141 64,547
	-		53,197		(908,747)	\$	(48,146)	\$	2,396,304

CITY OF COOS BAY

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS - NET POSITION AGENCY FUND June 30, 2016

	VISITOR	AGENCY FUND ORS CONVENTION BUREAU		
ASSETS:				
Cash and Investments	5	438,500		
Total Assets	0. 641.441	438,500		
LIABILITIES:				
Due to Other Agency		438,500		
NET POSITION:				
Total Net Position				
Unrestricted	\$			

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Coos Bay, Oregon, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the accounting policies are described below.

THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Coos Bay is a municipal corporation, incorporated in 1874 under the name of Marshfield. In 1944, the residents voted to change the name to Coos Bay. The City presently operates under a charter, which was approved by the voters. The Charter provides for a Council-Manager form of government and provides such services as are authorized by the Charter. The City is governed by a mayor and an elected six member council. Appointed officers provided by the Charter are the City Manager, Finance Director/Recorder and City Attorney.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements represent the City (the primary government) and all component units, if any. Component units, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, are separate organizations that are included in the City of Coos Bay's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Based on the above criteria, the following is a brief description of the component unit included in the City's reporting entity:

The Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Coos Bay was formed in December, 1966 to have urban renewal authority under Oregon law. Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Coos Bay has planning and economic development programs that focus on a downtown section of the City, and an Empire Section of the City. The primary purpose of the Coos Bay Urban Renewal Agency is to revitalize the commercial area of the City and to attract new businesses and jobs. Receipts are primarily from property taxes. Disbursements are made for planning, economic development, and capital projects.

Although it is legally separate from the City, because of the significance of its financial relationship with the City, the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Coos Bay is reported as if it were part of the reporting entity. The Agency is reported as a blended component unit in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Coos Bay may be obtained from the City administrative offices at Coos Bay City Hall.

The Coos Bay-North Bend Water Board (Note 11) was established by an intergovernmental agreement, authorized by State statutes, to operate a water board for the mutual advantage of the City of Coos Bay and the City of North Bend. The City of Coos Bay has a 50% equity interest in the Water Board and appoints two of its council members to the Board. The Water Board is presented as a Joint Venture Investment in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Entity excluded from the reporting entity:

The Coos Bay / North Bend Visitors Convention Bureau is not a component unit of the City of Coos Bay because it is a separate legal entity and does not have a significant financial relationship with the City. Cash and investments are commingled with City accounts for bookkeeping purposes only.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities and component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function (i.e., general government, public safety, streets, etc.) is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. Remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available (i.e. susceptible to accrual). Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual if collected within 60 days of fiscal year end. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

There are the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial operations except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, licenses and permits, state shared revenues and charges for administrative services from other funds. Primary expenditures are for general government, police and fire protection and culture and recreation.

<u>Jurisdictional Exchange Reserve Fund</u> – This fund is used to accumulate resources from an intergovernmental agreement, along with interest earned thereon, with the Oregon Department of Transportation for the City's authority to regulate and maintain certain highways within its jurisdiction.

Revenue Bond Fund - This fund accounts for debt service.

There are the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – These funds account for principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds. The primary sources of revenue are property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

There are the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Wastewater Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operations of the wastewater treatment facilities. The principle revenue is charges for services.

<u>Wastewater Improvement Fund</u>- This fund is used to accumulate resources of major wastewater equipment purchases. The primary sources of revenue are earnings on investments, operating transfers, and loan proceeds.

<u>Building Codes Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for building and mechanical permits along with plan check fees.

There is the following agency fund:

Agency Fund - This fund is used to accumulate and hold monies for the Coos Bay / North Bend Visitors Convention Bureau.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation.

For net position, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

BUDGETS

A budget is prepared for all funds, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting and legal requirements set forth in the Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgetary basis of accounting is substantially the same as generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America with the exceptions that capital outlay expenditures are expensed when purchased, depreciation is not calculated, inventories of supplies are budgeted as expenditures when purchased, debt is recorded as revenue when received and an expenditure when paid, OPEB obligation are recorded when paid instead of when incurred, and tax revenues are not recorded as revenue until received. The Council begins its budget process early in each fiscal year with the establishment of the Budget Committee. Recommendations are developed through late winter with the Budget Committee approving the budget in early spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are published generally in early spring with a public hearing being held approximately three weeks later. The Council may amend the budget prior to adoption; however, budgeted expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than ten percent. The budget is then adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy declared no later than June 30th.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the following levels for each fund other than the General Fund:

LEVEL OF CONTROL	
Personal Services	Interfund Transfers
Materials and Services	Debt Service
Capital Outlay	Operating Contingency
Du Jour Financing	

The General Fund is appropriated at the department level along with transfers and contingencies. Expenditures cannot legally exceed the above appropriation levels except in the case of grants which could not be estimated at the time of budget adoption. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Management may amend line items in the budget without Council approval as long as appropriation levels (the legal level of control) are not changed. Supplemental appropriations may occur if the Council approves them due to a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements reflect the original budget amount and appropriation transfers. All expenditures were within appropriations for year ended June 30, 2016.

ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Deposits and investments

The cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, and cash and investments in the Local Governmental Investment Pool. Investments, including equity in pooled cash and investments, are stated at fair value.

Fair Value Inputs and Methodologies and Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based up on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Level 1 – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

Level 2 – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market–corroborated inputs)

Level 3 – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/ from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Property taxes receivable that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as unavailable revenue because it is not deemed necessary, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Uncollected property taxes are shown in the government-wide statement of net position. Uncollected taxes are deemed by management to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established.

Receivables of the enterprise funds are recognized as revenue when earned, including services provided but not billed. Receivables in governmental and enterprise funds are stated net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	10-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5-20 years
Utility systems	10-40 years
Infrastructure - streets	20-40 years
Intangible assets	15-20 years

Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

Supply Inventories

Inventories purchased are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method). Inventory is recorded as expenditures when consumed in the government-wide statements and expensed when purchased in the fund statements.

Retirement Plans

Substantially all of the City's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. GASB Statements 68 and 71 have been implemented as of July 1, 2014.

Compensated Absences

It is the policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory, and sick leave benefits. Vacation accrual is limited based on the nonrepresented employees' personnel directives and the various union contracts. Any vacation accrual balances in excess of these limits will be forfeited. Accumulated vested vacation, compensatory, and sick pay is accrued as it is earned in the proprietary fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Both the current and long-term liabilities are recorded. Government fund types recognize the expenditure when benefits are paid. Upon retirement an employee with ten or more years of service in a specific department shall be paid a percentage of their unused sick leave into a deferred compensation plan. The percentage shall be equal to the completed years of service.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the current period.

In the governmental fund-type financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net position/Fund balance

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operations, nonoperating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories.

Invested in capital assets – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on net position use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - consists of all other net position that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories, prepaid items and a nonspendable jurisdictional exchange deposit.
- <u>Restricted fund balance</u> represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net position/Fund balance (Continued)

- <u>Assigned fund balance</u> represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. The City Manager and Finance Director have the authority to classify portions of ending fund balances as Assigned.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may
 report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual
 fund balance as unassigned.

The following order of spending regarding fund balance categories is used: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows and outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government has a deferred outflow for deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The government also has a deferred outflow for pernsion related deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The statement of net position reports a deferred inflow called Net Deferred Pension Asset. This amount is equal to the difference between actuarially projected investment earnings and actual investment earnings, less contributions that the City paid to PERS during 2015-2016.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The cash management policies are governed by state statutes. Statutes authorize investment in banker's acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as Cash and Investments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and Investments (recorded at cost) consisted of:

Deposits with Financial Institutions:		
Petty Cash	\$	1,000
Demand Deposits		497,339
Investments	_	25,588,375
Total Cash and Investments	\$	26,086,714
Reconciliation of Cash Reported in:		
Governmental	\$	18,794,502
Business Type		6,853,712
Agency Fund	-	438,500
Total Cash and Investments	\$	26,086,714

Deposits

Deposits with financial institutions consist of bank demand deposits. The total bank balance per the bank statements for all pooled cash is \$1,110,383. This balance includes cash belonging to the Urban Renewal Agency and the Visitors Convention Bureau that is all held in the City's name for collateral purposes. Of these deposits, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, and the remaining was deposited at an approved depository as prescribed by the Oregon State Treasurer.

The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. Effective July 1, 2008, state statutes (ORS 295.002) allow public officials to deposit public funds in one or more depositories currently qualified pursuant to ORS 295.001 to 295.108. As long as the bank depository has entered into an agreement (ORS 295.008(2)(b)) and has deposited securities pursuant to state statutes (ORS 295.015(1)), there may now be on deposit at any one bank depository and its branches, a sum in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. There is no deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, none of the bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was insured or collateralized.

Investments

State statutes authorize investment in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, among others.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2016, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fai	r Value	Les	ss than 3	3-17		18-1	9
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$	25,588,375	\$	25,588,375	\$		\$	•
Total	\$	25,588,375	\$	25,588,375	\$	-	\$	

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund appears to be in compliance with all portfolio guidelines at June 30, 2016. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report, As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of the position in the LGIP is 100.6% of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized.

The Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, established by the Oregon Legislature, advises the Oregon Investment Council and the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investments of the LGIP.

Interest Rate Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. There are no investments that have a maturity beyond three months.

Custodial Credit Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes does not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Investment Pool is not rated.

Concentration Risk

Concentration risk is the risk of loss due to a large portion of investments with a single issuer. To avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent to over-investing in specific instruments or in individual financial institutions, the investment policy sets maximum limits on the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in any one type of security. At June 30, 2016, all percentage restrictions were complied with. Oregon Revised Statutes require no more than 25 percent of the moneys of local government to be invested in bankers' acceptances of any qualified financial institution. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required by law to be collateralized. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in this instrument.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. ACCRUED VACATION

The governmental funds compensated absences balances at June 30, 2016 and 2015 are \$1,054,835, and \$1,024,324. The business type funds compensated absences balances at June 30, 2016 and 2015 are \$174,816 and \$160,157.

Compensated Absences	Beg	inning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance		
Governmental	\$	1,024,324	30,511		\$	1,054,835	
Business Type	-	160,157	14,659	<u> </u>		174,816	
Total	\$	1,184,481			\$	1,229,651	

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows: GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSE							15
Description	Ju	ine 30, 2015	-	Additions		Disposals	J	une 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated			1	1000	-			Trend the
Land	\$	3,622,879	\$	152,396	\$		\$	3,775,275
Museum art works colleection		828,643		8,476				837,119
Construction In Progress	_	1,941,719		2,247,089	-	(293,791)		3,895,017
Fotal Capital Assets not being depreciated	-	6,393,241	-	2,407,961	<u> </u>	(293,791)	-	8,507,411
Other Capital Assets								
Land and Improvements		2,176,129		100 at 1				2,176,129
Buildings and Improvements		17,907,192		42,104		(10,957)		17,938,339
Machinery and Equipment		2,410,118		119,262				2,529,380
Vehicles		3,645,018		183,187		(38,645)		3,789,560
Intangibles		55,521		÷		14 C		55,521
Infrastructure - streets		151,933,491					Sec.	151,933,491
Total other Capital Assets	-	178,127,469		344,553	1	(49,602)	-	178,422,420
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Land Improvements		1,668,423		45,518		1.1		1,713,941
Buildings and Improvements		4,126,612		410,017				4,536,629
Machinery & Equipment		1,829,780		111,324		-		1,941,104
Vehicles		2,571,580		218,971		(38,644)		2,751,907
Intangibles		14,635		4,461		-		19,096
Infrastructure - streets		84,343,744		3,727,182				88,070,926
Fotal Accumulated Depreciation	-	94,554,774	_	4,517,473	_	(38,644)	_	99,033,603
Total Governmental Activities	\$	89,965,935	\$	(1,764,959)	\$	(304,749)	\$	87,896,228

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation Expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

Function	Gove	rnmental Funds
General Government	\$	116,462
Public Safety		291,007
Public Works		4,029,290
Culture and Recreation	_	80,714
Total	\$	4,517,473

Capital asset activity for business type activities for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Description	June 30, 2015		Additions		Disposals		June 30, 2016	
Capital assets not being depreciated	32		-					
Construction in Progress	\$	5,062,943	\$	671,622	\$	(1,411,276)	\$	4,323,289
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	-	5,062,943	-	671,622	_	(1,411,276)	_	4,323,289
Other Capital Assets - Wastewater								
Land and Improvements		2,576,662						2,576,662
Machinery & Equipment		3,835,218		171,009				4,006,227
Vehicles		1,354,790		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(15,000)		1,339,790
Plant and System		22,026,081		1,370,208	1			23,396,289
Total other Capital Assets		29,792,751		1,541,217		(15,000)		31,318,968
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Land and Improvements		1,888,264		370				1,888,634
Machinery & Equipment		2,884,802		92,015				2,976,817
Vehicles		660,526		90,955		(15,000)		736,481
Plant and System	1.1	9,449,269		526,806				9,976,075
Total Accumulated Depreciation		14,882,861	-	710,146	-	(15,000)		15,578,007
Total Business Type Activities	\$	19,972,833	\$	1,502,693	\$	(1,411,276)	\$	20,064,250

Depreciation expense for business type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Function	Business Type Funds				
Wastewater	\$	710,146			
Total	\$	710,146			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at: http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx.

- a. **PERS Pension (Chapter 238).** The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
- i) Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.
- Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided on or more of the following contributions are met:
 - · member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
 - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
 - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
 - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- iii) Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disable from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- iv) Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.
- b) OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB). The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - Pension Benefits. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age: Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

- ii) Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.
- iii) Disability Benefits. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.
- iv) Benefit Changes After Retirement. Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2015. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$897,154, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. In addition approximately \$422,816 in employee contributions were paid or picked up by the City in fiscal 2016.

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a net pension liability of \$6,292,422 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2013, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Ctiy's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2013, the City's proportion was .095 percent.

	 Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 339,319	\$		
Changes in assumptions				
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments			1,319,034	
Changes in proportionate share	248,461			
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-		580,260	
Total (prior to post-MD) contributions	 587,780		1,899,294	
Contributions subsequent to the MD	 897,154	_		
Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of resources	\$ 1,484,934	\$	1,899,294	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	A	mount
2017	\$	(635,229)
2018		(635,229)
2019		(635,229)
2020		579,845
2021		14,328
Total	\$	(1,311,514)

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated May 23, 2016. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financial.aspx.

Actuarial Valuations – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017 are General Service – 17.11%, Police and Fire – 17.11%, OPSRP General Service – 8.81% and OPSRP Police and Fire – 12.92%, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation date	December 31, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2015
Experience Study Report	2014, Published September 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent
Projected salary increase	3.75 percent overall payroll growth; salaries for individuals are assumed to grow at 3.75 percent plus assumed rates of merit/longevity increases based on service
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale AA, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by group, as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage (65% for males and 90% for females) of the RP- 2000 static combined disabled mortality sex-distinct table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2014 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2014.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-perentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Decrease (6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	Increase (8.75%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 15,186,528	\$ 6,292,422	\$ (1,202,972)

Since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, the system-wide actuarial accrued liability has increased primarily due to the Moro decision and assumption changes, along with interest on the liability as current active members get closer to retirement. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future system Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the benefits projected to be paid by Employers compared to those developed in the prior actuarial valuation, and consequently increased plan liabilities. The employers' projected long-term contribution effort has been adjusted for the estimated impact of the Moro Decision. In accordance with statute, a biennial review of actuarial methods and assumptions was completed in 2015 to be used for the measurement date, the PERS Board adopted several assumption changes, including lowering the investment return assumption to 7.50%, which will be effective January 1, 2016 and will be included in the next update.

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of death, disability, resignation, or retirement. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the City.

Individual Account Program - In the 2003 legislative session, the Oregon Legislative Assembly created a successor plan for OPERS. The Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) is effective for all new employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, and applies to any inactive OPERS members who return to employment following a six month or greater break in service. The new plan consists of the defined benefit pension plans and a defined contribution pension plan (the Individual Account Program or IAP). Beginning January 1, 2004, all OPERS member contributions go into the IAP portion of OPSRP. OPERS' members retain their existing OPERS accounts, but any future member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP, not the member's OPERS account. Those employees who had established an OPERS membership prior to the creation of OPSRP will be members of both the OPERS and OPSRP are required to contribute six percent of their salary covered under the plan which is invested in the IAP. The City makes this contribution on behalf of its employees.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO BOX 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

Four deferred compensation trust plans are offered to employees and were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The trusts hold the assets for the exclusive benefits of plan participants and their beneficiaries.

7. POST EMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description. A program is provided for the availability for retirees and their spouses to purchase healthcare insurance at the same group rates as the City pays for its active employees'. No plan has been established to account for this activity. Since the former employees' service has caused this benefit to be available, generally accepted accounting principles requires that the costs of these services be calculated and shown as a cost of operations and/or as a liability for providing a future benefit in the financial statements. Disclosure of the liability is mandatory.

Funding Policy. There is no plan to fund these benefits, but an actuary has calculated that the implied subsidy included in healthcare costs for the year ended June 30, 2016, was approximately \$553,892.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount determined in accordance with the parameters of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount implicitly contributed to the "plan" through the normal payments to healthcare insurance providers and changes to the OPEB obligation.

	-	6/30/2014		6/30/2015		6/30/2016
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	135,804	\$	142,089	\$	119,652
Interest on Net Pension Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	_	12,558 (43,144)	_	14,853 (51,026)	_	17,452 (59,955)
Annual OPEB Cost		105,218		105,916		77,149
Contributions Made	-	(39,665)	-	(31,657)	-	(21,878)
Increase in Net Pension Obligation		65,553		74,259		55,271
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) at Beginning of the Year		358,809	-	424,362	1	498,621
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) at End of the Year	\$	424,362	\$	498,621	\$	553,892
Percentage of APC Contributed		38%		30%		28%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. POST EMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2016, along with preceding fiscal years, were as follows:

Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	0	OPEB bligation
6/30/2014	\$ 105,218	38.00%	\$	424,362
6/30/2015	105,916	30.00%		498,621
6/30/2016	77,149	28.00%		553,892

Funding status and funding progress. As of August 1, 2014 the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$621,382 all of which was unfunded.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare costs trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented below presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substitutive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of the benefit costs, if any, to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

- Discount rate: 3.50% for unfunded liabilities.
- Health Cost Trend for medical and vision: 5.5% for 2015-2029, 5.75% for 2030, 6.0% for 2031, 6.5% for 2032, 6.75% for 2033-2035, 6.5% for 2036-2037, 6.25% for 2038-2041, 6.0% for 2042-2049, 5.75% for 2050-2060, 5.5% for 2061-2063, 5.25% for 2064-2066, 5.0% for 2067-2069, and 4.75% for 2070 and on.
- · Health Cost Trend for dental: 4.5% per year increase.
- Annual Payroll Increase: 2.75% compounded annually.
- · Disability: Not used.
- Retirement: Based on the Oregon PERS assumptions.
- Withdrawal: Based on the Oregon PERS assumptions.
- Mortality: RP-2000 healthy white collar male and female mortality tables, set back one year for males. Mortality is projected on a generational basis using Scall AA for males and females.
- Excluded employees: Temporary and part-time employees, elected officials and volunteers.
- PERS service: Estimated based on elapsed time from date of hire to the most recent valuation.
- Future retiree coverage: 40% of active members upon retirement.
- Spousal age: Females spouses are assumed to be two years younger than male spouses.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG TERM DEBT

There is long term debt associated with governmental and business type activities.

Governmental Activities

<u>Revenue Secured Bond</u>: In April 2006, \$5,645,000 in Refunding Bonds were issued, the proceeds of which were utilized to refund the 2000 water secured bonds. These water bonds, although general obligation bonds of the City, are a primary obligation of the Coos Bay-North Bend Water Board, and are being retired from revenues turned over by that agency. The refunding reduced total debt payments by \$433,251. The Water Board, by resolution, is pledged to establish, maintain and collect rates and charges for water service that will produce sufficient revenue, after deducting the expenses for operation and maintenance, to meet principal and interest payments when due.

The future requirements for amortization of this April 2006 Revenue Secured Bond debt are as follows:

	Issue of April 2006								
Fiscal Year	Principal		1	Interest	Total				
2016-2017	\$	315,000	\$	137,967	\$	452,967			
2017-2018		330,000		123,080		453,080			
2018-2019		345,000		108,736		453,736			
2019-2020		360,000		93,755		453,755			
2020-2021		375,000		78,137		453,137			
2022-2026		1,670,000		144,741		1,814,741			
Total	\$	3,395,000	\$	686,416	\$	4,081,416			
					-				

Interest rate: 4.25% and 5.0%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

<u>Revenue Secured Loan</u>: On June 14, 2005, the Water Board secured a revenue loan with O.E.C.D.D. in the amount of \$125,000. The loan is a primary obligation of the City, for its portion of the water line Bay Crossing Project construction to be paid over 25 years at 4.97% annual interest. The Water Board, by resolution, is pledged to establish, maintain, and collect rates and charges for water service that will produce sufficient revenue to meet principal and interest payments when due. The future requirements for amortization of this revenue secured loan are as follows:

	Issue of June 14, 2005								
Fiscal Year	I	Principal		nterest	Total				
2016-2017	\$	4,372		4,247		8,619			
2017-2018		4,589		4,031		8,620			
2018-2019		4,818		3,802		8,620			
2019-2020		5,057		3,563		8,620			
2020-2021		5,309		3,312		8,621			
2021-2026		30,771		12,329		43,100			
2026-2031	-	30,555		3,886	ļ÷	34,441			
Total	\$	85,471	\$	35,170	\$	120,641			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

<u>General Obligation 2009 Fire Station Bond:</u> In April 2009, \$6,900,000 in general obligation bonds were issued which will be used to finance the building of the new fire station. The future requirements for amortization of the debt service payments are as follows:

	Issue of April 15, 2009								
Fiscal Year	iscal Year Principal		Interest			Total			
2016-2017	\$	305,000	\$	186,950	\$	491,950			
2017-2018		315,000		174,750		489,750			
2018-2019		330,000		162,150		492,150			
2019-2020		340,000		148,950		488,950			
2020-2021		355,000		135,350		490,350			
2022-2026		2,005,000		450,831		2,455,831			
2027-2031		920,000		60,251	_	980,251			
Total	\$	4,570,000	\$	1,319,232	\$	5,889,232			

Interest rate: 3.0 - 4.375% fixed annual rate.

Economic Development Loan: During 2009-10, the Water Board, a City of Coos Bay Joint Venture, began a project to increase the capacity of the Pony Creek water treatment plant from 8 MGD to 12 MGD. Engineering began in 2009-10 and construction began in 2010-11, continuing into 2012-13. The cities of Coos Bay and North Bend each borrowed approximately \$5 million dollars on the Water Board's behalf to finance the project. The Water Board will pledge its revenue stream to the two cities for repayment of the debt when it is due. Debt repayment will begin on December 1st of the year in which the project is completed. The future requirements for amortization of the debt service payments are as follows:

	-	Issu	e of I	December 1, 2	2013		
Fiscal Year	Principal			Interest		Total	
2016-2017	\$	201,016	\$	147,613	\$	348,629	
2017-2018		207,851		140,779		348,630	
2018-2019		214,918		133,712		348,630	
2019-2020		222,225		126,404		348,629	
2020-2021		229,781		118,849		348,630	
2022-2026		1,271,542		471,605		1,743,147	
2027-2031		1,502,912		240,237		1,743,149	
2032-2036	2011	491,319		22,124	104	513,443	
Total	\$	4,341,564	\$	1,401,323	\$	5,742,887	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

<u>URA Downtown Bond</u>: \$5,700,000 of urban renewal current refunding bonds were issued on January 24, 2003, which are payable from the tax increment revenues of the Downtown Urban Renewal Area. The future requirements for amortization of these outstanding urban renewal bonds as of June 30, 2016, are as follows: <u>URA Empire Bond</u>: \$2,600,000 of urban renewal current refunding bonds were issued on January 24, 2003,

	Issue of January 24, 2003 (Series 2003 A)						
Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total		
2016-2017	\$	489,818	\$	18,832	\$	508,650	
2017-2018		250,504		3,820	12	254,324	
Total	\$	740,322	\$	22,652	\$	762,974	

Interest rate: Fixed annual rate of 3.0%

which are payable from the tax increment revenues of the Empire Urban Renewal Area. The debt was paid off in the current year.

<u>URA Downtown Bond:</u> \$1,402,000 of urban renewal debt service bonds were issued on August 28, 2009, which are payable from the tax increment revenues from the Downtown Urban Renewal Area. The future requirements for amortization of these outstanding urban renewal bonds as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

The Downtown Bond and Empire Bond funds have been used to liquidate long-term liabilities.

	Issue of August 28, 2009						
Fiscal Year	Principal			Interest		Total	
2016-2017	\$	155,000	\$	18,307	\$	173,307	
2017-2018		162,000		11,890		173,890	
2018-2019	_	168,283	_	5,187	_	173,470	
Total	\$	485,283	\$	35,384	\$	520,667	

Interest Rate: Fixed annual rate of 3.0%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

OTIB #0059 Water Board Loan: At March 31, 2016, a \$404,000 loan was received for construction of water mains in South Empire Boulevard. The loan is payable over ten years at a fixed interest rate of 1.34%. The future requirements for amortization of the debt service payments are as follows:

6	Issue of March 31, 2016							
Fiscal Year	Principal			Interest		Total		
2016-2017	\$	37,834	\$	5,468	\$	43,302		
2017-2018		38,524		4,778		43,302		
2018-2019		39,042		4,260		43,302		
2019-2020		39,567		3,736		43,303		
2020-2021		40,099		3,204		43,303		
2021-2026	_	208,934	_	7,782	-	216,716		
Total	\$	404,000	\$	29,228	\$	433,228		

<u>City Tech Loan with Executech:</u> At May 12, 2016, a \$31,021 loan was received for the purchase of information technology infrastructure at City Hall. The loan is payable over 30 months at a fixed interest rate of 0%. Management has elected not to impute interest as it would be insignificant. The future requirements for amortization of the debt service payments are as follows:

	Issue of May 12, 2016							
Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		-	Total		
2016-2017	\$	12,408	\$	4.1	\$	12,408		
2017-2018		12,408		-		12,408		
2018-2019	_	4,137			_	4,137		
Total	\$	28,953	\$		\$	28,953		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business Type Activities

Land purchase loan: At October 31, 2011, a \$650,000 loan was received for the purchase of land. The loan is payable over ten years at a fixed interest rate of 3.12%. The future requirements for amortization of the debt service payments are as follows:

	Issue of October 2011							
Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total			
2016-2017	\$	65,000	\$	9,126	\$	74,126		
2017-2018		65,000		7,098		72,098		
2018-2019		65,000		5,070		70,070		
2019-2020		65,000		3,042		68,042		
2020-2021		43,331		1,014		44,345		
Total	\$	303,331	\$	25,350	\$	328,681		

IFA Wastewater Loans: Payment terms are not yet available.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities: During the year ended June 30, 2016, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2016	Due in One Year
Revenue Bonds:					
Water Bonds					
June 14, 2005 (refunding)	\$ 89,636	\$ -	\$ (4,165)	\$ 85,471	\$ 4,372
GO Fire Station					
April 15, 2009	4,860,000		(290,000)	4,570,000	305,000
Revenue Secured Bond:					
April, 2006 (refunding)	3,695,000		(300,000)	3,395,000	315,000
Economic Development Loan					
June 30, 2011	4,535,971	÷.	(194,407)	4,341,564	201,016
URA Downtown Series 1/23/03 A	1,215,495	÷	(475,173)	740,322	489,818
URA Empire Series 1/24/03 A	547,767		(547,767)	-	
URA Downtown Series 8/28/09	634,283	÷	(149,000)	485,283	155,000
City Tech Loan with Execute 2016	4	31,021	(2,068)	28,953	12,408
OTIB #0059 Water Board Loan		404,000		404,000	18,764
OPEB Obligation	498,621	-	55,271	553,892	+
Bond Premium	96,813		(8,318)	88,495	
Total	\$ 16,173,586	\$ 435,021	\$(1,915,627)	\$ 14,692,980	\$ 1,501,378

Business-Type Activities	Balance 7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2016	Due in One Year
IFA Wastewater Loan 2012	\$ 2,525,358	\$ 234,154	\$-	\$ 2,759,512	\$ -
IFA Wastewater Loan 2013	1,652,534	208,760	140	1,861,294	-
Land Purchase Loan	368,331		(65,000)	303,331	65,000
Total	\$ 4,546,223	\$ 442,914	\$ (65,000)	\$ 4,924,137	\$ 65,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and nonschool government operations. The limitation provides that property taxes for nonschool operations are limited to \$10.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt.

An additional limit reduces the amount of operating property tax revenues available. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values for 1997-98 back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The Constitution also sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Commercial insurance is purchased to minimize its exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

11. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

Pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement authorized by state statutes, the City of Coos Bay joined with the City of North Bend to establish and operate a Water Board for the mutual advantage of the two governments. The City of Coos Bay's share of assets, liabilities, and fund equity is 50 percent. Following is a summary of the most recent audited financial information as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Cash and investments Other assets	\$	4,122,927 66,628,431
Total assets	_	70,751,358
Deferred outflows of resources	-	668,206
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	71,419,564
Total liabilities Total equity	\$	19,679,913 51,739,651
Total liabilities and equity	\$	71,419,564

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

Changes in the investment in the joint venture are as follows:

Balance					Balance
 uly 1, 2015	l	increases	D	ecreases	 une 30, 2016
\$ 25,178,448	\$	691,378	\$		\$ 25,869,826

An investment in joint venture in the amount of \$25,869,826 million was booked as an asset (Investment in Joint Venture) in Fiscal Year 2016, for the 50% equity interest that the City of Coos Bay has in the Coos Bay/North Bend Water Board. The Coos Bay/North Bend Water Board issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Coos Bay/North Bend Water Board, P.O. Box 539, Coos Bay, OR 97420 or by calling (541) 267-3128.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All sewer service charges are billed by the Water Board as an accommodation for the Cities of Coos Bay and North Bend, Oregon, and collections thereon are remitted to the cities, less a handling fee, for providing these services. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Water Board remitted \$5,487,659 to the City of Coos Bay, Oregon, which included sewer user fee revenues, alum sludge disposal fees, and interest earnings, net of the handling fee of \$68,621.

13. NOTES RECEIVABLE

There is a note receivable carried on the statement of net position. The note is the result of an agreement between the City and the Water Board wherein the City obtained a loan on behalf of the Water Board. The amount receivable by the City as of June 30, 2016 is \$8,226,035. This includes the 2005 and 2006 refunding issues as well as the OTIB Loan. The Water Board also pays the interest on these issues (see footnote 8).

14. TRANSFERS

Transfers made during the year are summarized as follows:

Fund:	Т	ransfer In	Transfer Out	
Governmental Funds:			100	
General	\$		\$	346,717
Revenue Bond		935,467		
Other Governmental	-	2,417,126		2,062,809
	\$	3,352,593	\$	2,409,526
Business Type Funds	\$	1,650,433	\$	2,593,500
Total Transfers	\$	5,003,026	\$	5,003,026
			1000	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

15. INTERFUND LOANS

A \$600,000 loan was issued in July of 2011 from URA Downtown Capital Fund to the General Fund. The loan is payable over 10 years at an interest rate of 1%. The future requirements for amortization of the debt service payments are as follows:

			Issue o	of July 2011			
Fiscal Year	Principal		_ 1	nterest	Total		
2016-2017	\$	60,000	\$	3,600	s	63,600	
2017-2018		60,000		3,000		63,000	
2018-2019		60,000		2,400		62,400	
2019-2020		60,000		1,800		61,800	
2020-2021		60,000		1,800		61,800	
2022	1	60,000	-	- 12	_	60,000	
Total	\$	360,000	\$	12,600	\$	372,600	

An \$118,094 loan was issued in 2013 from the General Fund to the Jurisdictional Exchange Fund. During the 2013-2014 year, \$58,155 additional loan proceeds were issued for a total liability of \$176,474. The loan is payable upon the extinguishment of the 2005 business loan, in equal amounts annually, at an interest rate of 1%. The future requirements for amortization of the debt service payments are as follows:

	Issue of Au	igust 2	012 through	1 July	2013
		ipal Int			Total
\$	29,593	\$	1,208	\$	30,801
	29,890		910		30,800
	30,191		610		30,801
-	28,300		306	<u> </u>	28,606
\$	117,974	\$	3,034	\$	121,008
	\$	Principal \$ 29,593 29,890 30,191 28,300	Principal In \$ 29,593 \$ 29,890 30,191 28,300	Principal Interest \$ 29,593 \$ 1,208 29,890 910 30,191 610 28,300 306	\$ 29,593 \$ 1,208 \$ 29,890 910 30,191 610 28,300 306

Interest rate: 1% fixed annual rate.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 16 - FUND BALANCE CONSTRAINTS

The specific purposes for each of the categories of fund balance as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Fund Balances:	General Fund	Jurdictional Exchange Reserve		venue Bond	Non Major Funds		Total
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid Expenses	\$ 16,245	s -	S	- \$	6,873	\$	23,118
Inventory	486	1 No.			-		486
Jurisdictional Exchange		4,800,00	0				4,800,000
Total	16,731	4,800,00	0		6,873		4,823,604
Restricted							
Memorial Bricks	209				-		209
Fire - BAH Car Seat	2,980				1.4		2,980
Fire - Three Rivers Foundation	3,807	-		1.0			3,807
Grants		-			382,285		382,285
911 Services	1.1	1.1			73,566		73,566
Debt Service				3,853,129	1,024,287		4,877,416
Library					1,110,188		1,110,188
Choshi Garden Foundation	÷			-	1,193		1,193
Capital Projects		-		•	822,399		822,399
Total	6,996			3,853,129	3,413,918		7,274,043
Assigned							
DUII Impact Panel	2,618	14		÷.			2,618
Range	6,990				÷		6,990
John Topits Park Equipment	7,000	-			· •		7,000
Canine	661			-			661
Crime Prevention	250				1. A.		250
Police Reserves	591			-			591
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund					253,422		253,422
Unclaimed Property Liability	31						31
Rainy Day Reserve Fund	582,360				•		582,360
Capital Projects			_		4,455,268		4,455,268
Total	600,501				4,708,690		5,309,191
Unassigned:	2,805,599	(66,66	<u>i1)</u>	<u> </u>		-	2,738,938
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,429,827	\$ 4,733,33	9 5	3,853,129	\$ 8,129,481	\$	20,145,776

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A number of federal and state assisted programs are participated in. These grants are subject to audit by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Management believes that such disallowance, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

A \$2.1 million dollar TIGER III grant was awarded to the City of Coos Bay in March of 2012 for the "Empire Pedestrian and Bicycle Access Project". Additionally, a TIGER IV grant was awarded in February of 2013 for \$1,387,200 and an additional \$1,989,038 was awarded in December 2014 to fund phase two of the project for a total project estimated at \$5,476,238. Both of these grants along with a grant match and URA funds expended of \$1,215,505 for the pedestrian and bicycle access from the intersection of Newmark Avenue and South Empire Blvd south to Wisconsin Street, the city limits. The project was in construction at the end of the fiscal year. No funds will be received by the City for either grant.

NOTE 19 - NEGATIVE NET POSITION

The Wastewater Improvement Fund has a negative net position of (\$459,236). This is the result of capital construction and capital contributions to the Wastewater Fund as well as debt for capital assets held by the Wastewater fund. The net position will become positive as more reimbursements are received for the project.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered payroll ((b-a/c)
8/1/2008	\$0	\$1,310,923	\$1,310,923	0%	\$5,072,888	25.84%
8/1/2010	\$0	732,571	732,571	0%	5,849,235	12.52%
8/1/2012	\$0	693,284	693,284	0%	6,598,945	10.51%
8/1/2014	\$0	621,382	621,382	0%	6,686,955	9.29%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL) (a)	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL (b)	Covered payroll (c)	NPL as a percentage of covered payroll (b/c)	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2016 2015	0.109596 % 0.095125 %	a second second	\$6,539,770 \$6,404,247	96% 0%	91.9% 104%	

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2016	\$1,001,449	\$1,001,449	\$0	\$7,046,935	0.142111287
2015	\$730,435	\$716,109	\$0	\$6,539,770	0.10950064

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	G	ENERAL FUNI	D					
		DRIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		ARIANCE WITH AL BUDGET
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	5,359,932	\$	5,359,932	\$	5,550,986	s	191,054
Franchise Fees		1,637,000		1,953,000		1,951,590		(1,410)
Licenses and Permits		157,900		157,900		132,385		(25,515)
Intergovernmental	1.0	395,200		395,200		407,081		11,881
Grants		239,592		239,592		144,172		(95,420)
Charges For Services		687,692		687,692		729,102		41,410
Charges for Use of Money and Property		95,000		95,000		116,478		21,478
Fines and Forfeitures		69,500		69,500		66,885		(2,615)
Miscellaneous		14,200	-	14,200	_	56,870	-	42,670
Total Revenue	-	8,656,016	1	8,972,016		9,155,549	_	183,533
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		1,315,277		1,390,277	(1)	1,302,012		88,265
Public Safety		7,348,973		7,348,973	(1)	7,038,322		310,651
Public Works		1,039,241		1,443,241	(1)	1,276,853		166,388
Contingency	-	600,000	_	600,000	(1)			600,000
Total Expenditures	-	10,303,491	_	10,782,491		9,617,187	-	1,165,304
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,647,475)		(1,810,475)		(461,638)		1,348,837
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		310,800		310,800		30,800		(280,000)
Transfers Out		(231,629)		(547,629)	(1)	(495,269)		52,360
Loan Proceeds		in the second		404,000		435,021		31,021
Insurance Recovery				75,000		33,984		(41,016)
Du Jour Financing - URA In		452,277		452,277		452,277		
Debt Service (Du Jour Financing - URA Out)	_	(447,754)	-	(447,754)	(1)	(447,754)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	83,694	_	246,694		9,059		(237,635)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,563,781)		(1,563,781)		(452,579)		1,111,202
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1	2,893,445	_	2,893,445	_	3,542,072		648,627
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,329,664	\$	1,329,664	\$	3,089,493	\$	1,759,829
(1) Appropriation Level								
Reconciliation to Governmental Balance Sheet Fund	Balance							
Ending Fund Balance - combined due to requireme		SB 54				593 260		
Rainy Day Reserve Fund						582,360		
Interfund Loan activity						117.074		
Interfund Loan Receivable Interfund Loan Payable						117,974		
Intertund Loan Payable						(360,000)		
intertalia Doan i ayable		CAAD	Cono	ral Fund Balan	10 0	3,429,827		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

JURISDICTIONAL EXCHANGE RESERVE FUND

		RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES							_	
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments	\$	19,000	\$	19,000	\$	31,464	\$	12,464
Total Revenues		19,000	_	19,000	_	31,464	_	12,464
EXPENDITURES								
Public Works								
Debt Service		1.57 × 717.		12 182		uto the		
Principal Retirement		29,298		29,298		29,298		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	1,502	-	1,502		1,502		· · ·
Total Debt Service	-	30,800	_	30,800	(1)	30,800		-
Contingency	_	32,964		32,964	(1)	V		32,964
Total Expenditures		63,764	_	63,764	-	30,800	-	32,964
Net Change in Fund Balance		(44,764)		(44,764)		664		45,428
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,844,764	_	4,844,764	1	4,850,649		5,885
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	s	4,800,000	s	4,800,000		4,851,313	\$	51,313

Reconciliation to Governmental Balance Sheet Fund Balance Interfund Loan activity

Interfund Loan Payable

GAAP General Fund Balance (117,974) \$ 4,733,339

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUE BOND FUND

		DRIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental								
CB-NB Water Board	5	811,300	\$	811,300	\$	810,587	\$	(713)
Total Revenues	-	811,300	_	811,300	-	810,587	_	(713)
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Principal		4,304,989		4,304,989		623,572		3,681,417
Interest		482,700	_	482,700	-	395,965		86,735
Total Expenditures	1	4,787,689	_	4,787,689	(1)	1,019,537	-	3,768,152
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,976,389)		(3,976,389)		(208,950)		3,767,439
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		995,467	-	995,467	1	995,467	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,980,922)		(2,980,922)		786,517		3,767,439
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	2,980,922	_	2,980,922	-	3,066,612	_	85,690
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	3,853,129	s	3,853,129

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

- 11

	W	ASTEWATER	R FUN	D				(BLONGE)
		RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		ARIANCE FO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charleston Bunker Hill	s	302,599 90,511	\$	302,599 90,511	\$	361,001 36,000	\$	58,402 (54,511
Total Intergovernmental		393,110	_	393,110	_	397,001		3,891
Charges for Services Sewer Permits Sewer Use Fees Recreational Vehicle Dump Fees Alum Sludge Disposal Fees		3,000 5,288,789 2,200 55,000		3,000 5,288,789 2,200 55,000		5,680 5,499,351 6,373 39,671		2,680 210,562 4,173 (15,329
Total Charges for Services	-	5,348,989	-	5,348,989	_	5,551,075	1	202,086
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments		9,000	_	9,000	_	14,115	_	5,115
Total Charges for Use of Money and Property	-	9,000	-	9,000	1	14,115		5,115
Miscellaneous		- 4	_		_	78,292	_	78,292
Total Revenues	1.2	5,751,099		5,751,099	_	6,040,483		289,384
EXPENDITURES Wastewater Collection and Treatment Personal Services Materials and Services	_	1,290,763 3,111,491		1,290,763 3,111,491	_	1,063,009 2,353,396		227,754 758,095
Total Wastewater Collection and Treatment	-	4,402,254	_	4,402,254 (1)	3,416,405	-	985,849
Contingency	<u> </u>	18,454		18,454 (1)			18,454
Total Expenditures	-	4,420,708	1	4,420,708	_	3,416,405	_	1,004,303
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,330,391		1,330,391		2,624,078		1,293,68
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Loan Proceeds Transfers Out	_	(2,588,200)	_	(2,588,200)	(1)	28,967 (2,588,200)		28,967
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(2,588,200)	_	(2,588,200)	-	(2,559,233)	_	28,96
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,257,809)		(1,257,809)		64,845		1,322,654
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	1,257,809		1,257,809	-	2,612,542		1,354,733
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	2,677,387	\$	2,677,385
	Cap Una Pen Pen Net Lor	conciliation to ital Assets, Ne available Rever sion Related D sion Liability Deferred Pens ng Term Debt grued Vacation	t iue eferra	ls		20,064,250 1,091,735 148,493 (629,242) (189,929) (28,967) (159,235)		
(1) Appropriation Level		otal Net Positi	on		\$	22,974,492		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

WASTEWATER IMPROVEMENT FUND

		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	7	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES	_		-		-			
Charges for Use of Money and Property								
Interest on Investments	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	50,589	\$	48,589
Miscellaneous	-	· · · ·	-	<u> </u>	-	2,500	-	2,500
Total Revenues		2,000	_	2,000	_	53,089	-	51,089
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay		34,675,056	-	34,675,056 (1)	936,001		33,739,055
Total Expenditures	-	34,675,056	1	34,675,056	-	936,001	_	33,739,055
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(34,673,056)		(34,673,056)		(882,912)		33,790,144
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Loan Proceeds		31,423,441		31,423,441		357,907		(31,065,534)
Transfers In	-	1,650,433	-	1,650,433	-	1,650,433	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	33,073,874	-	33,073,874	-	2,008,340	_	(31,065,534)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,599,182)		(1,599,182)		1,125,428		2,724,610
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	1,599,182	_	1,599,182	_	3,310,506	_	1,711,324
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	4,435,934	\$	4,435,934
		conciliation to I ng Term Debt	Net F	Position:	-	(4,895,170)		
	1	Fotal Net Positic	on		\$	(459,236)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

BUILDING CODES FUND

		UGINAL UDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	1	ARIANCE FO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES	1							
Licenses and Permits	\$	152,530	\$	152,530	\$	197,267	\$	44,737
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments		100		100		1,200		1,100
Miscellaneous		100		100		50		50
	-						-	
Total Revenues	-	152,630	_	152,630	-	198,517		45,887
EXPENDITURES								
Public Works		120464				A 19 64 1		
Personal Services		236,191		236,191		214,604		21,587
Materials and Services		57,000	_	57,000	-	28,602		28,398
Total Building Codes Operations		293,191	_	293,191	(1)	243,206		49,985
Contingency		4,139	_	4,139	(1)		_	4,139
Total Expenditures		297,330		297,330	1	243,206	_	54,124
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(144,700)		(144,700)		(44,689)		100,011
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out		(5,300)	_	(5,300)	(1)	(5,300)		Ý
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(5,300)		(5,300)	12	(5,300)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(150,000)		(150,000)		(49,989)		100,011
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		150,000		150,000		223,900		73,900
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	150,000		130,000	-	223,900	-	73,900
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$			173,911	\$	173,911
	Pensi	nciliation to l on Related Ite ued Vacation		sition:		(134,135) (15,581)		
	То	tal Net Positio	n		\$	24,195	6	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	N	OMBINED ONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	N	COMBINED NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		COMBINED NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		TOTAL NONMAJOR VERNMENTAI FUNDS
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
ASSETS							12	
Cash and Investments	\$	3,266,752	\$	1,013,946	\$	2,370,040	\$	6,650,738
Prepaid Expense		6,873		-				6,873
Receivables								
Taxes		158,162		52,720				210,882
Accounts		330,416		-		924,714		1,255,130
Assessments		24				45,476		45,476
Interfund	-		-		-	360,000	-	360,000
Total Assets	\$	3,762,203	\$	1,066,666	s	3,700,230	\$	8,529,099
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, ANI	D FUND	BALANCES:						
LIABILITIES					ļ			
	D FUND	BALANCES: 86,170	<u>s</u>		\$	98,560	5	184,730
LIABILITIES				<u>.</u>	\$	98,560 98,560	5	184,730 184,730
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable		86,170		<u> </u>	\$		<u>s</u>	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities		86,170		42,379	5		5	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		86,170			\$		5	184,730
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		86,170 86,170			\$	98,560	<u>s</u>	184,730 42,379
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Total Deferred Outflows of Resources FUND BALANCES		86,170 86,170 127,033 127,033		42,379	<u>\$</u>	98,560 45,476	<u>s</u>	184,730 42,379 172,509 214,888
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		86,170 86,170 127,033 127,033 6,873		42,379 42,379	<u>\$</u>	98,560 45,476 45,476	<u>s</u>	184,730 42,379 172,509 214,888 6,873
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Total Deferred Outflows of Resources FUND BALANCES		86,170 86,170 127,033 127,033 6,873 1,474,741		42,379	<u>\$</u>	98,560 45,476 45,476 914,890	<u>s</u>	184,730 42,379 172,509 214,888 6,873 3,413,918
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Total Deferred Outflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		86,170 86,170 127,033 127,033 6,873		42,379 42,379	<u>\$</u>	98,560 45,476 45,476	<u>s</u>	184,730 42,379 172,509 214,888 6,873
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments Total Deferred Outflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted		86,170 86,170 127,033 127,033 6,873 1,474,741		42,379 42,379	<u>\$</u>	98,560 45,476 45,476 914,890	<u>s</u>	184,730 42,379 172,509 214,888 6,873 3,413,918

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2016

		STATE AS TAX		HOTEL/	L	IBRARY	LIB	RARY ESO	_ 9	11 TAX
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:										
ASSETS										ante
Cash and Investments	\$	195,871	\$	101,418	\$	847,319 6,873	\$	275,296	\$	48,950
Prepaid Expense Receivables		-				0,875		1		
Property Taxes		A.		4				1.1		
Accounts	-	113,900		166,117	-	25,039	_	;	-	25,360
Total Assets	\$	309,771	S	267,535	\$	879,231	\$	275,296	\$	74,310
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND	FUNI	BALANCE	S:							
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	18,784	\$	14,113	\$	15,732	\$	21,734	\$	744
Total Liabilities	1	18,784	-	14,113	1	15,732	_	21,734	-	744
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments	-		-		-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	•	_			<u> </u>	-		-	
FUND BALANCES						2000				
Nonspendable		-		3		6,873		-		
Restricted Assigned	_	290,987	-	253,422	-	856,626	1	253,562	-	73,566
Total Fund Balances	_	290,987		253,422	_	863,499	1	253,562		73,566
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund										
Balances	\$	309,771	\$	267,535	\$	879,231	\$	275,296	\$	74,310

TOTAL	VNTOWN	URA DOWNTOWN PROGRAM		URA EMPIRE PROGRAM		URA EMPIRE SPECIAL REVENUE		DO SPECL
\$ 3,266,752 6,873	42,448	\$	442,344	\$	477,182	\$	835,924	\$
158,162 330,416	1				64,900		93,262	
<u>\$ 3,762,203</u>	42,448	\$	442,344	\$	542,082	\$	929,186	\$
\$ 86,170	15,063	\$		\$		\$		s
86,170	15,063	1	-	_	-		<u> </u>	2
127,033	~	_	<u> </u>	_	52,043		74,990	_
127,033		-		-	52,043		74,990	
6,87 1,474,74 2,067,38	27,385	_	442,344	_	490,039		854,196	-
3,549,00	27,385	-	442,344	-	490,039		854,196	-
\$ 3,762,20	42,448	\$	442,344	\$	542,082	\$	929,186	s

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2016

				10, 2010			-				
		DOWN	TOWN	EM	PIRE	DO		EM	PIRE		TOTAL
VS OF R	ESOURCES:	2									
\$	331,696	\$		\$		\$	682,250	\$	3	\$	1,013,946
_	52,720	<u> </u>		_			<u> </u>			_	52,720
\$	384,416	\$	•	\$		\$	682,250	\$		s	1,066,666
CES, AN	D FUND BAI	LANCES:									
\$	~	5	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	5	<u> </u>	\$	
-		_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_		_	<u> </u>	_	
RCES											
-	42,379		-			-	<u> </u>		<u>·</u>	-	42,379
-	42,379			_		-	· ·			_	42,379
_	342,037		•	_	· · ·	-	682,250			-	1,024,287
_	342,037		•		•	_	682,250			-	1,024,287
	REI VS OF F \$ \$ CES, AN \$	\$ 331,696 52,720 <u>\$ 384,416</u> CES, AND FUND BAI <u>\$ -</u> RCES <u>42,379</u> <u>42,379</u> <u>342,037</u>	GO BOND REDEMPTION DOWN BO VS OF RESOURCES: \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 384,416 \$ \$ 384,416 \$ \$ \$ \$	URA DOWNTOWN BOND REDEMPTION DOWNTOWN BOND WS OF RESOURCES: \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 331,696 \$ \$ 334,416 \$ \$ 384,416 \$ \$ 384,416 \$ CES, AND FUND BALANCES: \$ \$ \$ \$	URA URA URA GO BOND DOWNTOWN EM BOND BOND BO WS OF RESOURCES: \$ 331,696 \$ \$ \$ 331,696 \$ - \$ $52,720$ - - - \$ 384,416 \$ \$ \$ \$ 384,416 \$ \$ \$ \$ 384,416 \$ \$ \$ \$ 384,416 \$ \$ \$ CES, AND FUND BALANCES: \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ - 42,379 - - - - 342,037 - - - -	URA URA URA GO BOND DOWNTOWN EMPIRE BOND BOND BOND WS OF RESOURCES: \$ - \$ 331,696 \$ - \$ \$ 331,696 \$ - \$ - \$ 331,696 \$ - \$ - \$ 331,696 \$ - \$ - \$ 331,696 \$ - \$ - \$ 334,416 \$ \$ \$ - \$ 384,416 \$ \$ \$ - CES, AND FUND BALANCES: \$ - - \$ \$ \$ - - 42,379 - - - - 342,037 - - - -	URA URA URA URA GO BOND DOWNTOWN EMPIRE DOWNTOWN BOND BOND BOND BOND BOND WS OF RESOURCES: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 331,696 \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ 331,696 \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ 331,696 \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ <t< td=""><td>URA URA URA URA URA URA GO BOND DOWNTOWN BOND BOND BOND BOND RESERVE VS OF RESOURCES: \$ $331,696$ \$ $-$ \$ $682,250$ \$ $331,696$ \$ $-$ \$ $682,250$ $52,720$ - - 5 $384,416$ \$ $-$ \$ $682,250$ 2ES, AND FUND BALANCES: \$ $-$ \$ $-$ - $\frac{1}{42,379}$ - - - $42,379$ - - - $342,037$ - 682,250 -</td><td>URA REDEMPTIONURA DOWNTOWN BONDURA EMPIRE BONDURA DOWNTOWN BOND BOND RESERVEURA EM DOWNTOWN BOND RESERVEURA EM BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE\$ 331,696\$$-$\$682,250\$\$ 331,696\$$-$\$$-$\$ 331,696\$$-$\$\$$682,250$\$$52,720$$-$\$ 384,416\$$-$\$$682,250$\$$5$$-$\$$682,250$\$$2$$5$$-$\$$-$</td><td>URA REDEMPTION URA DOWNTOWN BOND URA EMPIRE BOND URA EMPIRE BOND RESERVE URA EMPIRE BOND RESERVE URA EMPIRE BOND RESERVE \$ 05 OF RESOURCES: \$ <</td><td>URA URA URA URA URA URA URA URA URA EMPIRE DOWNTOWN EMPIRE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE EMPIRE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE EMPIRE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE EMPIRE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE EMPIRE BOND RESERVE S</td></t<>	URA URA URA URA URA URA GO BOND DOWNTOWN BOND BOND BOND BOND RESERVE VS OF RESOURCES: \$ $331,696$ \$ $-$ \$ $682,250$ \$ $331,696$ \$ $-$ \$ $682,250$ $52,720$ - - 5 $384,416$ \$ $-$ \$ $682,250$ 2ES, AND FUND BALANCES: \$ $-$ \$ $-$ - $\frac{1}{42,379}$ - - - $42,379$ - - - $342,037$ - 682,250 -	URA REDEMPTIONURA DOWNTOWN BONDURA EMPIRE BONDURA DOWNTOWN BOND BOND RESERVEURA EM DOWNTOWN BOND RESERVEURA EM BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE\$ 331,696\$ $-$ \$682,250\$\$ 331,696\$ $-$ \$ $ -$ \$ 331,696\$ $-$ \$\$ $682,250$ \$ $52,720$ $ -$ \$ 384,416\$ $-$ \$ $682,250$ \$ 5 $-$ \$ $682,250$ \$ 2 $ 5$ $-$ \$ $ -$	URA REDEMPTION URA DOWNTOWN BOND URA EMPIRE BOND URA EMPIRE BOND RESERVE URA EMPIRE BOND RESERVE URA EMPIRE BOND RESERVE \$ 05 OF RESOURCES: \$ <	URA URA URA URA URA URA URA URA URA EMPIRE DOWNTOWN EMPIRE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE EMPIRE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE EMPIRE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE EMPIRE BOND RESERVE BOND RESERVE EMPIRE BOND RESERVE S

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS June 30, 2016

	IMF	STREET ROVEMENT		PARKS IMPROVEMENT		BIKE/ DESTRIAN OVEMENT		SPECIAL ROVEMENT
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RE	ESOURCI	ES:						
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Receivables	\$	(368,579)	\$	122,100	\$	48,815	\$	145,551
Accounts		816,999		18,525		863		1.000
Assessments		810,999		10,525		003		45,476
Interfund	-		_		. <u> </u>		-	-
Total Assets	\$	448,420	\$	140,625	\$	49,678	\$	191,027
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RES	OURCES	, AND FUND B	ALANC	ES:				
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	5	64,053	\$	9,143	\$		\$	
otal Liabilities	-	64,053		9,143		<u>.</u>		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable RevSpecial Assessments		<u> </u>			-			45,476
fotal Deferred Outflows of Resources	-		_				-	45,476
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		384,367						
Assigned	-	<u> </u>		131,482	-	49,678		145,551
Fotal Fund Balances	-	384,367		131,482	-	49,678	1	145,551
and the second state of the second state of the								
Fotal Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								

MAJOR APITAL ESERVE	C	SDC	STO	STEWATER SDC	WAS	PORTATION SDC		CHNOLOGY ESERVE	
708,44	\$	19,165	\$	248,864	\$	14,749	s	24,096	\$
19,78	_	ΞĒ		2		2		÷	
728,22	\$	19,165	\$	248,864	\$	14,749	\$	24,096	\$
4,26	\$		\$		\$		\$	7,685	\$
4,26		<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>		7,685	
_	_				<i>.</i>	<u> </u>			
	-			<u> </u>				;	
723,96	_	19,165		248,864		14,749		16,411	
723,96		19,165		248,864		14,749		16,411	
728,22	\$	19,165	\$	248,864	\$	14,749	\$	24,096	\$

TOTAL	نيتي.	URA WNTOWN AL PROJECTS		URA EMPIRE AL PROJECTS	6	FIRE STATION FUND		NTY-WIDE RESERVE	
2,370,040	\$	947,456	s	208,525	s	216,822	s	34,035	s
924,714 45,470 360,000	_	58,364		10,178		į	_		
3,700,23	<u>s</u>	1,365,820	\$	218,703	\$	216,822	\$	34,035	\$
98,56	\$	9,863	s	440	\$		\$	3,112	\$
98,56	-	9,863		440				3,112	
45,47	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	-		_
45,47	-			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-
914,89 2,641,30	-	1,355,957	=	218,263		216,822		30,923	_
3,556,19	-	1,355,957	-	218,263		216,822	-	30,923	
3,700,23	\$	1,365,820	\$	218,703	s	216,822	\$	34,035	\$

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		COMBINED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	1	COMBINED NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		COMBINED NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		TOTAL NONMAJOR OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	2,069,307	\$	531,675	\$	4	\$	2,600,982
Other Taxes		2,704,609		A -				2,704,609
Intergovernmental Revenues		181,800				346,002		527,802
Grants		30,687		×		704,994		735,681
Charges for Services		43,660						43,660
Charge for Use of Money and Property		29,804		3,266		23,482		56,552
Other - Timber Sales		140 240		÷		35,000		35,000
Miscellaneous	-	77,638	-	<u> </u>	-	125,375		203,013
Total Revenues	-	5,137,505	-	534,941	-	1,234,853	_	6,907,299
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government		15,063		~		387,182		402,245
Public Safety		206,254		1.40		11,896		218,150
Public Works		1,580,950				227,524		1,808,474
Culture and Recreation		1,550,132						1,550,132
Capital Outlay				1.5		2,480,613		2,480,613
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		-		1,461,516				1,461,516
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-		-	263,688	-			263,688
Total Expenditures	12	3,352,399	-	1,725,204	-	3,107,215	-	8,184,818
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		1,785,106		(1,190,263)		(1,872,362)		(1,277,519)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								1.1
Sale of Capital Assets		-				3,745		3,745
Du Jour Financing				(452,277)		447,754		(4,523)
Transfers In		342,517		1,688,931		385,678		2,417,126
Transfers Out	_	(1,642,619)	-	(225,829)	<u>6</u>	(194,361)	-	(2,062,809)
Total Other Financing		(1 200 102)		1 010 025		(10.01)		252 520
Sources, (Uses)	-	(1,300,102)	-	1,010,825	-	642,816		353,539
Net Change in Fund Balance		485,004		(179,438)		(1,229,546)		(923,980)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	3,063,996	-	1,203,725	1	4,785,740	_	9,053,461
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	s	3,549,000	s	1,024,287	S	3,556,194	\$	8,129,481

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	STATE GAS TAX	HOTEL/ MOTEL TAX	LIBRARY	LIBRARY ESO	911 TAX
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 499,143	s -
Other Taxes	960,772	651,914	1,091,923		
Charges for Use of Money and Property	1,182	10,268	6,403	1,127	553
Intergovernmental Revenues				5,480	176,320
Grants	28,386		2,301		
Charges for Services			23,809	19,851	÷.,
Miscellaneous		4,567	22,023	14,025	253
Total Revenues	1,027,110	666,749	1,146,459	539,626	177,126
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government			14		
Public Safety	1		-	-	206,254
Public Works	989,976	590,974			
Culture and Recreation			1,016,702	533,430	12 P.
Total Expenditures	989,976	590,974	1,016,702	533,430	206,254
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	37,134	75,775	129,757	6,196	(29,128)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	292,517	50,000	1		÷
Transfers Out	(293,517)	·			<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,000)	50,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	36,134	125,775	129,757	6,196	(29,128)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	254,853	127,647	733,742	247,366	102,694
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 290,987	\$ 253,422	\$ 863,499	\$ 253,562	\$ 73,566

4	URA DOWNTOWN SPECIAL REVENUE	URA EMPIRE SPECIAL REVENUE	URA EMPIRE PROGRAM	URA DOWNTOWN PROGRAM	TOTAL
\$	911,097	\$ 659,067	s -	s -	\$ 2,069,307
		1. State 1. State 1.	10		2,704,609
	4,583	2,559	2,855	274	29,804
				÷	181,800
				1.91	30,687
					43,660
5-					77,638
÷.	915,680	661,626	2,855	274	5,137,505
				15,063	15,063
					206,254
		÷.		-	1,580,950
		k		<u> </u>	1,550,132
-			è	15,063	3,352,399
	915,680	661,626	2,855	(14,789)	1,785,106
					342,517
14	(819,004)	(530,098)		÷	(1,642,619
-	(819,004)	(530,098)		<u> </u>	(1,300,102
	96,676	131,528	2,855	(14,789)	485,004
1	757,520	358,511	439,489	42,174	3,063,996
\$	854,196	\$ 490,039	\$ 442,344	\$ 27,385	\$ 3,549,000

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COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	For	the Year Ended	June 30, 2016			
	GO BOND REDEMPTION	URA DOWNTOWN BOND	URA EMPIRE BOND	URA DOWNTOWN BOND RESERVE	URA EMPIRE BOND RESERVE	TOTAL
REVENUES						
For Early Company of Company	531,675	\$ -	\$	S -	s -	\$ 531,675
Charges for Use of Money and Property	3,266			بتنصيص		3,266
Total Revenues	534,941	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		×	534,941
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Services						
Principal Retirement	290,000	623,749	547,767			1,461,516
Interest and Fiscal Charges	198,550	57,485	7,653		<u> </u>	263,688
Total Expenditures	488,550	681,234	555,420			1,725,204
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	46,391	(681,234)	(555,420)	5	÷	(1,190,263)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Du Jour Financing		(137,770)	(314,507)			(452,277)
Transfers In	÷	819,004	869,927		1	1,688,931
Transfers Out	<u> </u>				(225,829)	(225,829)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	· ·	681,234	555,420	·	(225,829)	1,010,825
Net Change in Fund Balance	46,391			-	(225,829)	(179,438
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	295,646	<u>.</u>		682,250	225,829	1,203,725
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 342,037	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u> -	\$ 682,250	\$ -	\$ 1,024,287

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		STREET ROVEMENT		PARKS ROVEMENT	PEL	BIKE/ DESTRIAN COVEMENT		SPECIAL PROVEMENT
REVENUES					6			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	317,321	\$		\$	9,705	\$	1.10
Grants		499,679		18,525		-		
Charges for Use of Money and Property Other - Timber Sales		458		872		289		930
Miscellaneous	_	21,399		2,387		5		4,761
Total Revenues	_	838,857		21,784		9,994		5,691
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and Services				2,363				1000
Capital Outlay	-	747,278		29,581		2,545		755
Total Expenditures		747,278		31,944	_	2,545		755
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		91,579		(10,160)		7,449		4,936
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of Capital Assets								194
Du Jour Financing				198		1.5		
Transfer In		292,517				-		-
Transfer Out	-		_					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	292,517	_			2.	_	
Net Changes in Fund Balance		384,096		(10,160)		7,449		4,936
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		271		141,642		42,229	1	140,615
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	384,367	\$	131,482	\$	49,678	\$	145,551

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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
82,061 - - 171,24 134,761 - - - 231,53 (131,218) 95 1,606 123 (132,13)
<u>134,761</u> <u>- 231,5</u> (131,218) 95 1,606 123 (132,1)
(131,218) 95 1,606 123 (132,13
3,7
87,800 (75,00 (5,361) (75,00
82,439 (71,2
(48,779) 95 1,606 123 (203,3
65,190 14,654 247,258 19,042 927,34
<u>\$ 16,411</u> <u>\$ 14,749</u> <u>\$ 248,864</u> <u>\$ 19,165</u> <u>\$ 723,90</u>

COUNTY-WIDE CAD RESERVE		FIRE STATION FUND		URA EMPIRE CAPITAL PROJECTS		URA DOWNTOWN CAPITAL PROJECTS		TOTAL		
\$	18,976 209 - - -	\$	1,399	\$	4,755 88,518 93,273	s	128,049 6,974 - 4,875 139,898	\$	346,002 704,994 23,482 35,000 125,375 1,234,853	
	11,896 8,696 20,592			_	274,188 1,131,237 1,405,425		225,161 307,218 532,379		626,602 2,480,613 3,107,215	
	(1,407)		1,399		(1,312,152)		(392,481)		(1,872,362)	
	5,361		:		311,362		136,392	_	3,745 447,754 385,678 (194,361)	
	5,361	_			197,362		136,392	_	642,816	
	3,954		1,399		(1,114,790)		(256,089)		(1,229,546)	
	26,969	-	215,423		1,333,053	_	1,612,046		4,785,740	
\$	30,923	\$	216,822	\$	218,263	\$	1,355,957	\$	3,556,194	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

STATE GAS TAX FUND

	15	RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	Т	ARIANCE O FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES					-		-	
Intergovernmental								
State Gas Tax	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	960,772	\$	60,772
State Grant				105,290		28,386		(76,904)
Charges for use of money and property								
Interest on Investments		900		900		1,182		282
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000	-	36,770	_	26,770
Total Revenues	_	910,900	-	1,016,190	-	1,027,110	_	10,920
EXPENDITURES								
Public Works								
Personal Services		435,177		435,177		361,754		73,423
Materials and Services	_	570,045	_	675,335	-	628,222		47,113
Total Public Works	_	1,005,222	_	1,110,512	(1)	989,976	-	120,536
Contingency		25,561	_	25,561	(1)			25,561
Total Expenditures		1,030,783		1,136,073	1	989,976		146,097
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(119,883)		(119,883)		37,134		(135,177)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In				316,000		292,517		(23,483)
Transfers Out	_	(1,000)		(317,000)	(1)	(293,517)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,000)	_	(1,000)	-	(1,000)		4
Net Change in Fund Balance		(120,883)		(120,883)		36,134		157,017
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1	120,883	_	120,883	2	254,853	_	133,970
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	290,987	\$	290,987

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

BUDGETBUDGETACTUALTaxes Hotel/Motel Tax\$ 522,000\$ 651,914Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments Visitors Center Revenue2002008,0008,0009,445Total Charges for Use of Money and Property Miscellaneous Income8,2008,200Miscellaneous Income3,0003,0004,567	BUDGET \$ 129,914 623 1,445
Hotel/Motel Tax\$ 522,000\$ 522,000\$ 651,914Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments200200823Visitors Center Revenue8,0008,0009,445Total Charges for Use of Money and Property8,2008,20010,268	623
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments200200823Visitors Center Revenue8,0008,0009,445Total Charges for Use of Money and Property8,2008,20010,268	623
Interest on Investments200200823Visitors Center Revenue8,0008,0009,445Total Charges for Use of Money and Property8,2008,20010,268	
Visitors Center Revenue8,0008,0009,445Total Charges for Use of Money and Property8,2008,20010,268	
Total Charges for Use of Money and Property 8,200 8,200 10,268	1,445
Miscellaneous Income 3,000 4,567	2,068
	1,567
Total Revenues 533,200 533,200 666,749	133,549
EXPENDITURES	
Public Works	
Personal Services 178,511 178,511 161,358	17,153
Materials and Services 463,425 463,425 429,616	33,809
Total Operations 641,936 (1) 590,974	50,962
Contingency 3,953 (1) -	3,953
Total Expenditures 645,889 645,889 590,974	54,915
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (112,689) (112,689) 75,775	188,464
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfer In 100,000 100,000 50,000	(50,000)
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses) 100,000 50,000	(50,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance (12,689) (12,689) 125,775	138,464
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,689 12,689 127,647	114,958
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ - \$ 253,422	\$ 253,422

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

LIBRARY FUND

		RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES									
Taxes									
County Serial Levy	5	940,000	\$	940,000	\$	1,091,923	\$	151,923	
Intergovernmental									
State Library Grant		1,000		3,001		2,001		(1,000)	
Other Grants	-	1,000		4,800	_	300		(4,500)	
Total Intergovernmental		2,000		7,801	-	2,301	1	(5,500)	
Charges for Services									
Copies		4,000		4,000		8,129		4,129	
Library Fees	-	14,000		14,000	_	15,680		1,680	
Total Charge for Services	-	18,000		18,000	-	23,809	-	5,809	
Charges for Use of Money and Property									
Interest on Investments		1,000		1,000		5,003		4,003	
Property Rentals	-	1,500		1,500	-	1,400		(100)	
Total Charges for Use of Money and Property	-	2,500	6.5	2,500	_	6,403		3,903	
Miscellaneous									
Donations		12,000		12,000		21,677		9,677	
Other		500		500	÷	346	-	(154)	
Total Miscellaneous	1	12,500	-	12,500	-	22,023		9,523	
Total Revenues		975,000		980,801	_	1,146,459	_	165,658	
EXPENDITURES									
Cultural and Recreation		- Same		32.2.6		A. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		1.5. 6.6	
Personal Services		852,201		852,201		775,765		76,436	
Materials and Services	-	241,900	-	247,701	_	240,937		6,764	
Total Library Operations	-	1,094,101	-	1,099,902 (1)	1,016,702	_	83,200	
Contingency		370,112		370,112 (1)			370,112	
Total Expenditures		1,464,213		1,470,014	-	1,016,702		453,312	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(489,213)		(489,213)		129,757		618,970	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	489,213	-	489,213	-	733,742		244,529	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	863,499	\$	863,499	
	-				_				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

LIBRARY ESO FUND

		RIGINAL SUDGET	F	FINAL		ACTUAL	Т	ARIANCE O FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES			-		-		-	
Taxes								
County Serial Levy	\$	499,143	\$	499,143	\$	499,143	\$	
Intergovernmental								
State Library Grant		6,282	-	6,282	-	5,480	_	(802)
Total Intergovernmental		6,282		6,282	_	5,480	_	(802)
Charges for Services								
Reimbursements/Fees	-	61,000		61,000		19,851		(41,149)
Total Charge for Services		61,000	-	61,000	1	19,851	-	(41,149)
Charges for Use of Money and Property		200				3.5%		5 172
Interest on Investments	-	100		100	-	1,127		1,027
Total Charges for Use of Money and Property		100	-	100	_	1,127	_	1,027
Miscellaneous								
Other	-	14,000	-	14,000	-	14,025	-	25
Total Miscellaneous	-	14,000	_	14,000	-	14,025	_	25
Total Revenues	_	580,525		580,525	-	539,626		(40,899)
EXPENDITURES								
Cultural and Recreation						Long Street		
Personal Services		293,666		293,666		242,075		51,591
Materials and Services	a standing of the	390,982	-	390,982		253,429	-	137,553
Total operations	-	684,648	-	684,648	(1)	495,504	-	189,144
Capital Outlay	_	85,000		85,000	(1)	37,926		47,074
Contingency		56,877	_	56,877	(1)		_	56,877
Total Expenditures		826,525	1	826,525	-	533,430		293,095
Net Change in Fund Balance		(246,000)		(246,000)		6,196		252,196
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		246,000	-	246,000		247,366		1,366
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	S		\$	4	\$	253,562	\$	253,562
					-			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

911 TAX FUND

		RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	T	RIANCE D FINAL UDGET
REVENUES	1				. ·	120.22		
911 Revenue	\$	169,897	\$	169,897	\$	176,320	\$	6,423
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments		100		100		553		453
Contrast and a second second second second		100		100				
Miscellaneous Revenue	-				-	253		253
Total Revenues		169,997		169,997	_	177,126		7,129
EXPENDITURES								
Public Safety								
Personal Services		186,720		186,720		187,338		(618)
Materials and Services		28,000		28,000	-	18,916	-	9,084
Total Operations		214,720	_	214,720 (1)	206,254		8,466
Contingency	_	15,277	_	15,277 (1)(i 4	_	15,277
Total Expenditures		229,997	_	229,997	-	206,254		23,743
Net Change in Fund Balance		(60,000)		(60,000)		(29,128)		30,872
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		60,000	_	60,000		102,694	_	42,694
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	73,566	\$	73,566

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA DOWNTOWN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		RIGINAL		FINAL UDGET	A	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	972,494	\$	972,494	\$	911,097	\$	(61,397)
Interest on Investments		1,000	_	1,000		4,583	<u> </u>	3,583
Total Revenues		973,494	_	973,494	_	915,680		(57,814)
EXPENDITURES								
Contingency	-	202,624	_	202,624 (1)			_	202,624
Total Expenditures	1	202,624		202,624		-6	_	202,624
Excess of Revenues, Over (Under) Expenditures		770,870		770,870		915,680		144,810
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	_	(820,870)		(820,870) (1)		(819,004)	1	1,866
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)		(820,870)		(820,870)		(819,004)		1,866
Net Change in Fund Balance		(50,000)		(50,000)		96,676		146,676
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	50,000	_	50,000	_	757,520	-	707,520
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		S		\$	854,196	\$	854,196

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA EMPIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		RIGINAL BUDGET				ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	710,507	\$	710,507	\$	659,067	\$	(51,440)
Interest on Investments		500	<u> </u>	500		2,559		2,059
Total Revenues	_	711,007		711,007	_	661,626		(49,381)
EXPENDITURES								
Contingency	_	200,000	_	200,000 (1)				200,000
Total Expenditures		200,000		200,000		- 64	_	200,000
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		511,007		511,007		661,626		150,619
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out	-	(541,007)	-	(541,007) (1)		(530,098)		10,909
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	_	(541,007)		(541,007)	_	(530,098)	_	10,909
Net Change in Fund Balance		(30,000)		(30,000)		131,528		161,528
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	30,000	-	30,000	_	358,511		328,511
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	490,039	\$	490,039

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA EMPIRE PROGRAM FUND

		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		CTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES								
Interest on Investments	\$	200	\$	200	\$	2,855	\$	2,655
Total Revenues		200	_	200	_	2,855	-	2,655
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and Services		50,000		50,000 (1)		÷.		50,000
Capital Outlay		152,370	_	152,370 (1)		<u> </u>		152,370
Total Expenditures	_	202,370	_	202,370			-	202,370
Net Change in Fund Balance		(202,170)		(202,170)		2,855		205,025
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		437,170	_	437,170		439,489	_	2,319
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	235,000	\$	235,000	\$	442,344	\$	207,344

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA DOWNTOWN PROGRAM FUND

		RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL SUDGET		CTUAL	WIT	RIANCE TH FINAL UDGET
REVENUES								
Interest on Investments		50	\$	50	\$	274	\$	224
Total Revenues		50	-	50		274		224
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Materials and Services		50,000		50,000	(1)	15,063		34,937
Capital Outaly	_	142,001		142,001	(1)			142,001
Total Expenditures	-	192,001	<u> </u>	192,001	_	15,063		34,937
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(191,951)		(191,951)		(14,789)		(34,713)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of Capital Assets		150,000	-	150,000	-	•	-	(150,000)
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)		150,000	_	150,000	<u></u>			(150,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(41,951)		(41,951)		(14,789)		27,162
Beginning Fund Balance		41,951	_	41,951	-	42,174	_	223
Ending Fund Balance	\$	£	\$		\$	27,385	\$	27,385

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND REDEMPTION FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES Taxes	\$	508,650	s	508,650	s	531,675	\$	23,025
Charges for Use of Money and Property	ъ	308,030	3	508,050	3	331,073	Э	25,025
Interest on Investments	_	100	-	100		3,266	_	3,166
Total Revenues	_	508,750	_	508,750	_	534,941		26,191
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Principal		290,050		290,050		290,000		50
Interest	<u> </u>	198,600	_	198,600		198,550	-	50
Total Expenditures		488,650		488,650	(1)	488,550	<u> </u>	100
Net Change in Fund Balance		20,100		20,100		46,391		26,291
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2	257,074		257,074		295,646		38,572
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	277,174	\$	277,174	\$	342,037	\$	64,863

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA DOWNTOWN BOND FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET			FINAL	1	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
EXPENDITURES	-		-					
Debt Service								
Principal	\$	624,500	\$	624,500	\$	623,749	\$	751
Interest	-	58,600		58,600		57,485		1,115
Total Expenditures	-	683,100	<u>.</u>	683,100 (2)		681,234		1,866
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		(683,100)		(683,100)		(681,234)		1,866
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Du Jour Financing		(137,770)		(137,770) (2)		(137,770)		
Transfers In	_	820,870		820,870	-	819,004		(1,866)
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	-	683,100	_	683,100	_	681,234		(1,866)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		161		4		4
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	1,034	_		_	<u> </u>		- 45
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,034	\$		\$		\$	4

(1) Appropriation level

(2) The sum totals the appropriation level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA EMPIRE BOND FUND

		DRIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	, i	ACTUAL	WIT	RIANCE TH FINAL UDGET
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Principal	\$	555,829	\$	555,829	\$	547,767	\$	8,062
Interest	-	10,500	ç	10,500		7,653	<u> </u>	2,847
Total Expenditures	_	566,329	_	566,329 (2))	555,420		10,909
Excess of Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures		(566,329)		(566,329)		(555,420)		10,909
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Du Jour Financing		(314,507)		(314,507) (2))	(314,507)		
Transfers In		880,836	-	880,836	_	869,927	-	(10,909)
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	_	566,329	-	566,329	_	555,420		(10,909)
Net Change in Fund Balance		÷						•
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR				i				<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>.</u>

(2) The sum totals the appropriation level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA DOWNTOWN BOND RESERVE FUND

		RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL UDGET		ACTUAL	WITH	ANCE FINAL DGET
REVENUES								
Interest on Investments	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
Total Revenues	-				-			
EXPENDITURES								
Contingency	-	<u>×</u>		<u> </u>	_			<u> </u>
Total Expenditures		*	-	4		÷		-
Net Change in Fund Balance				÷		~		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		682,250	_	682,250	-	682,250		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	682,250	\$	682,250	\$	682,250	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA EMPIRE BOND RESERVE FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES	-				
Interest on Investments	\$ -	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u> -	\$ -	
Total Revenues		<u> </u>	. <u> </u>		
EXPENDITURES					
Contingency	·		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	
Total Expenditures			<u> </u>		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers Out	(225,829)	(225,829) (1)	(225,829)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(225,829)	(225,829)	(225,829)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(225,829)	(225,829)	(225,829)		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	225,829	225,829	225,829	<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	s -	<u>s</u>	\$ -	\$ -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND

		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES	-							
Intergovernmental								
State	\$	522,075	\$	1,022,075	\$	317,321	S	(704,754)
Federal Grants		-		850,000		499,679		(350,321)
Charges for Use of Money and Property								
Interest on Investments		-		-		458		458
Miscellaneous Revenue		<u> </u>	÷		-	21,399		21,399
Total Revenues		522,075		1,872,075	-	838,857	1	(1,033,218)
EXPENDITURES								
Public Works								
Capital Outlay	_	522,344	_	2,188,344	(1)	747,278		1,441,066
Total Expenditures	_	522,344		2,188,344	_	747,278	_	1,441,066
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(269)		(316,269)		91,579		407,848
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In			_	316,000		292,517		(23,483)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_	316,000	1	292,517	_	(23,483)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(269)		(269)		384,096		384,365
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1.1	269	_	269		271	_	2
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	4	\$		\$	384,367	\$	384,367

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

PARKS IMPROVEMENT FUND

		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES			_				_		
Charges for Use of Money and Property									
Interest on Investments	\$	25	\$	25	\$	872	\$	847	
Grants		2,796,000		2,796,000		18,525		(2,777,475)	
Donations	-	3,000	-	3,000	_	2,387	-	(613)	
Total Revenues	_	2,799,025	1	2,799,025	_	21,784	-	(2,777,241)	
EXPENDITURES									
Culture and Recreation									
Materials and Services		16,025		16,025	(1)	2,363		13,662	
Capital Outlay	1.1	2,903,000		2,903,000	(1)	29,581		2,873,419	
Total Culture and Recreation	_	2,919,025		2,919,025	05	31,944		2,887,081	
Total Expenditures	_	2,919,025		2,919,025	_	31,944	_	2,887,081	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(120,000)		(120,000)		(10,160)		109,840	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	120,000	_	120,000	1 =	141,642	_	21,642	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	131,482	\$	131,482	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

BICYCLE/PEDESTRIAN PATH CONSTRUCTION FUND

		RIGINAL UDGET		FINAL UDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES	-				_				
Intergovernmental									
State Gas Tax	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	9,705	\$	705	
Charges for Use of Money and Property									
Interest on Investments	-	50	<u></u>	50	-	289	-	239	
Total Revenues		9,050		9,050		9,994	_	944	
EXPENDITURES									
Culture and Recreation									
Capital Outlay	-	50,189		50,189	(1)	2,545		47,644	
Total Expenditures	_	50,189	_	50,189		2,545		47,644	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(41,139)		(41,139)		7,449		48,588	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	41,139		41,139		42,229		1,090	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	49,678	\$	49,678	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

SPECIAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

		UGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET		Α	CTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES		UD OLI		, obdut		ierona.		UD OD I
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments	\$	25	\$	25	\$	930	\$	905
Miscellaneous								
Principal				· · ·		1,443		1,443
Interest	-				-	3,318	<u> </u>	3,318
Total Miscellaneous	_	-	<u></u>		-	4,761		4,761
Total Revenues		25	_	25	-	5,691	_	5,666
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and Recreation								
Capital Outlay		14,848		10,640 (1)	755		9,885
Total Expenditures		14,848	_	10,640		755		9,885
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(14,823)		(10,615)		4,936		15,551
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out	_	(130,000)		(130,000) (1)		-	130,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(130,000)	_	(130,000)	-		0 4	130,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(144,823)		(140,615)		4,936		145,551
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		144,823		140,615	_	140,615	_	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$		\$	145,551	\$	145,551

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

TECHNOLOGY RESERVE FUND

		RIGINAL UDGET		FINAL UDGET		ACTUAL	T	RIANCE D FINAL UDGET
REVENUES	-							
Charges for Use of Money and Property							4	1953
Interest on Investments	\$	200	\$	200	\$	558	\$	358
Grants		8,000		8,000				(8,000)
Miscellaneous Revenue		•				2,985		2,985
Total Revenues	-	8,200	1	8,200	-	3,543		(4,657)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Materials and Services		50,000		57,000	(1)	52,700		4,300
Capital Outlay		80,002		98,802	(1)	82,061		16,741
Total Expenditures	_	130,002	_	155,802	1	134,761		21,041
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(121,802)		(147,602)		(131,218)		16,384
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		87,800		87,800		87,800		<u></u>
Transfers Out	_	(5,361)		(5,361)	(1)	(5,361)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		82,439		82,439	_	82,439		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(39,363)		(65,163)		(48,779)		16,384
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		39,363		65,163	1	65,190		27
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	s		\$	3.	\$	16,411	\$	16,411

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

TRANSPORTATION SDC FUND

		UGINAL		FINAL	A	CTUAL	T	ARIANCE D FINAL UDGET
REVENUES								
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments	\$	58	\$	58	\$	95	\$	37
Total Revenues	_	58	_	58	_	95	_	37
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay		14,692		14,692 (1)				14,692
Total Expenditures		14,692	-	14,692	-			14,692
Net Change in Fund Balance		(14,634)		(14,634)		95		14,729
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	14,634	<u></u>	14,634		14,654	<u>(</u>	20
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	14,749	\$	14,749

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

WASTEWATER SDC FUND VARIANCE ORIGINAL TO FINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET ACTUAL BUDGET REVENUES Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments 982 982 1,606 624 \$ S \$ **Total Revenues** 982 982 1,606 624 **EXPENDITURES** Wastewater Collection and Treatment Capital Outlay 247,919 247,919 (1) 247,919 **Total Expenditures** 247,919 247,919 247,919 Net Change in Fund Balance (246,937) (246,937) 1,606 248,543 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 246,937 246,937 247,258 321 FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR 248,864 248,864 \$ \$ \$ s

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

STORMWATER SDC FUND

		RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES Charges for Use of Monoy and Bronatty								
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments	\$	76	\$	76	\$	123	\$	47
Total Revenues		76		76	1	123		47
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay	-	19,093		19,093	(1)			19,093
Total Expenditures	_	19,093	_	19,093				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(19,017)		(19,017)		123		19,140
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		19,017	1	19,017	1	19,042		25
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	1.1	\$	19,165	\$	19,165

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

MAJOR CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES				
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments Grants Other-Timber Sales Miscellaneous	\$ 200 815,500	\$ 200 1,240,500	\$ 5,214 58,741 35,000 450	\$ 5,014 (1,181,759) 35,000 450
Total Revenues	815,700	1,240,700	99,405	(1,141,295)
EXPENDITURES General Government Materials and Services Capital Outlay Contingency	100,000 1,124,500 91,200	100,000 (1) 1,549,500 (1) 91,200 (1)	171,242	39,706 1,378,258 91,200
Total Expenditures	1,315,700	1,740,700	231,536	1,509,164
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(500,000)	(500,000)	(132,131)	367,869
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of Capital Assets Transfers Out	(225,000)	(225,000) (1)	3,745 (75,000)	3,745 150,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(225,000)	(225,000)	(71,255)	153,745
Net Change in Fund Balance	(725,000)	(725,000)	(203,386)	521,614
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	725,000	725,000	927,348	202,348
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>s</u>	\$ -	\$ 723,962	\$ 723,962

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

COUNTY-WIDE CAD CORE RESERVE FUND

		UGINAL UDGET		FINAL		ACTUAL	T	RIANCE D FINAL UDGET
REVENUES								
Charges for Use of Money and Property Interest on Investments	e	50	e.	50		200		150
Intergovernmental	\$	50	\$	50	\$	209	S	159
Revenue from Other Agencies		17,477	-	17,477		18,976		1,499
Total Revenues		17,527		17,527		19,185		1,658
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Materials and Services		20,000		20,000	(1)	11,896		8,104
Capital Outlay		22,830		22,830	(1)	8,696		14,134
Total Expenditures		42,830		42,830	1	20,592		22,238
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(25,303)		(25,303)		(1,407)		23,896
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		5,361	_	5,361	_	5,361	1	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(19,942)		(19,942)		3,954		23,896
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		19,942		19,942	_	26,969		7,027
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$		\$	30,923	\$	30,923

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FIRE STATION RESERVE FUND

	-	RIGINAL BUDGET	1	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	Т	ARIANCE O FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES		605 1 40		505 110				1000 1101
Grants Charges for Use of Money and Property	\$	505,149	\$	505,149	\$		\$	(505,149)
Interest on Investments		200	<i>i</i>	200	_	1,399	_	1,199
Total Revenues	_	505,349		505,349	_	1,399	_	(503,950)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay								
Fire Station		720,492		720,492 (1)				720,492
Total Expenditures	_	720,492	-	720,492	_		<u></u>	720,492
Net Change in Fund Balance		(215,143)		(215,143)		1,399		216,542
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		215,143	_	215,143	_	215,423		280
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	1	\$	216,822	\$	216,822

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA EMPIRE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

		DRIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	W	ARIANCE TTH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES								
Interest on Investments	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	4,755	\$	2,755
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	1,500,000		1,500,000	_	88,518	_	(1,411,482)
Total Revenues	_	1,502,000		1,502,000	_	93,273	_	(1,408,727)
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and Services		420,229		420,229 (1)		274,188		146,041
Capital Outlay	-	2,143,133	_	2,612,186 (1)	_	1,131,237	<u> </u>	1,480,949
Total Expenditures	-	2,563,362		3,032,415	_	1,405,425	<u></u>	1,626,990
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		(1,061,362)		(1,530,415)		(1,312,152)		218,263
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Du Jour Financing		311,362		311,362		311,362		10 R
Transfers Out	_	(114,000)		(114,000) (1)		(114,000)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	-	197,362	-	197,362	_	197,362	_	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(864,000)		(1,333,053)		(1,114,790)		218,263
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	864,000	_	1,333,053		1,333,053	_	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	4	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	218,263	\$	218,263

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

URA DOWNTOWN CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

		RIGINAL UDGET		FINAL		1	ACTUAL	WI	RIANCE TH FINAL UDGET
REVENUES	1000	1. St. 1. St. 1.	-	1.1.1.1.1.1		100	1.1.1	-	
Grants	\$	824,460	\$	824,460		\$	128,049	\$	(696,411)
Interest on Investments		3,000		3,000			6,974		3,974
Seismic Project Loan		64,200		64,200			64,200		
Miscellaneous		· ·	_		÷.	_	675	-	675
Total Revenues		891,660	4	891,660	į,	_	199,898	_	(691,762)
EXPENDITURES									
Materials and Services		346,301		346,301	(1)		225,161		121,140
Capital Outlay		1,242,107		1,242,107	(1)		307,218		934,889
Contingency		100,000		100,000	(1)			_	100,000
Total Expenditures		1,688,408	_	1,688,408	4		532,379		1,156,029
Excess of Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures		(796,748)		(796,748)			(332,481)		464,267
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Du Jour Financing - URA	-	136,392		136,392		_	136,392	_	
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	_	136,392		136,392			136,392	_	~
Net Change in Fund Balance		(660,356)		(660,356)			(196,089)		464,267
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		850,000	,	850,000			1,192,046	_	342,046
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	s	189,644	\$	189,644			995,957	\$	806,313

Reconciliation to Governmental Balance Sheet Fund Balance Interfund Loan activity Interfund Loan Receivable

GAAP Fund Balance \$

360,000 1,355,957

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET- BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

RAINY DAY RESERVE FUND

DEVENUES		DRIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	Т	ARIANCE O FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES Charges for Use of Money and Property								
Interest on Investments	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	3,510	\$	2,010
Total Revenues	-	1,500	_	1,500	1	3,510	1	2,010
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay	-	558,591	_	558,591 (1)			558,591
Total Expenditures	-	558,591	-	558,591	-	×	_	558,591
Excess of Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures		(557,091)		(557,091)		3,510		560,601
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		67,429		67,429		88,552	_	21,123
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)		67,429	-	67,429	_	88,552	0	21,123
Net Change in Fund Balance		(489,662)		(489,662)		92,062		581,724
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		489,662		489,662		490,298	_	636
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	582,360	\$	582,360

Note: This fund's activities have been combined with the General Fund activities in accordance with GASB #54 due to its financing resources being derived primarily from General Fund transfers.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2015			DITIONS	DEI	DUCTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2016		
ASSETS Cash and Investments	S	248,060	\$	322,117	\$	131,677	\$	438,500	
LIABILITIES Due to Agency	\$	248,060	\$	322,117	\$	131,677	\$	438,500	

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				T OT LA	- i cui	r Ended June	50, 2	010				
General Fund:	IMPO	SED LEVY O	R							CASH	B	ALANCE
		BALANCE			AD	JUSTMENTS			C	DLLECTIONS		LLECTED OR
TAX		COLLECTED		DEDUCT		TO				Y COUNTY		EGREGATED
YEAR		AT 7/1/15		ISCOUNTS		ROLLS	D	VTEREST		REASURER		T 6/30/16
						NOLLO		THEILDT		nd roond r		11 0/30/10
Current:								0.2.2		112.00		
2015-16	\$	5,679,209	\$	142,871	\$	(11,578)	\$	3,540	\$	5,267,318	\$	260,983
Prior Years:												
2014-15		246,511		(20)		(5,064)		7,949		111,105		138,311
2013-14		135,858		2		(1,485)		9,014		57,090		86,295
2012-13		82,719		(3)		(1,466)		14,972		63,223		33,004
2011-12		36,760				(2,109)		9,873		36,503		8,022
2010-11 & Prior	_	31,652			-	(8,789)	_	5,533	_	11,593	-	16,803
Total Prior		533,500	-	(21)		(18,913)		47,341	-	279,514		282,435
Total All												
Funds	S	6,212,709	\$	142,850	\$	(30,491)	\$	50,881	\$	5,546,832	\$	543,418
RECONCILIATIO	N TO RE	VENUE:			_	_			_			
Cash Collections b											s	5 516 020
Accrual of Receiva		Treasurer Abo	ive								3	5,546,832
June 30, 2015												(115,617)
June 30, 2016												106,597
	of Propert	ty Taxes										
Taxes in Lieu		ty Taxes										13,174
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev	venue	ty Taxes									\$	
Taxes in Lieu	venue	ty Taxes									\$	13,174
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16	venue	ty Taxes 542,995	\$	13,660	\$	(1,107)	\$	338	\$	503,614	<u>\$</u>	13,174
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund	venue		\$	13,660	<u>\$</u>	(1,107)	<u>\$</u>		\$	503,614	<u>\$</u>	13,174 5,550,986
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15	venue	542,995 24,138	\$	13,660	<u>\$</u>	(491)	<u>\$</u>	778	\$	10,882	<u>\$</u>	13,174 5,550,986
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14	venue	542,995 24,138 13,201	\$		<u>\$</u>	(491) (144)	<u>\$</u>	778 876	\$	10,882 5,548	<u>s</u>	13,174 5,550,986 24,953
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13	venue	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299	\$		5	(491) (144) (147)	5	778 876 1,502	<u>s</u>	10,882 5,548 6,343	<u>\$</u>	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12	venue	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706	\$		<u>s</u>	(491) (144) (147) (213)	<u>s</u>	778 876 1,502 995	<u>s</u>	10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680	<u>\$</u>	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior	venue	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480	\$	(2)	5	(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145)	\$	778 876 1,502 995 565	\$	10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184	<u>\$</u>	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12	venue	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706	<u>\$</u>	(2)	<u>\$</u>	(491) (144) (147) (213)	<u>\$</u>	778 876 1,502 995	<u>s</u>	10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680	<u>\$</u>	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior	venue	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480	\$	(2)	<u>s</u>	(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145)	\$	778 876 1,502 995 565	<u>s</u>	10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184	<u>s</u>	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior Total Prior	venue	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480	<u>\$</u>	(2)	<u>\$</u> \$	(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145)	\$	778 876 1,502 995 565	<u>\$</u>	10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184	<u>\$</u>	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior Total Prior Total All	venue d: <u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480 52,824 595,819		(2)		(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145) (2,140)		778 876 1,502 995 565 4,716		10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184 27,637	_	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716 27,767
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior Total All Funds RECONCILIATIO	venue d: <u>\$</u>	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480 52,824 595,819 WENUE:	\$	(2)		(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145) (2,140)		778 876 1,502 995 565 4,716		10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184 27,637	\$	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716 27,767 52,720
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior Total All Funds RECONCILIATIC Cash Collections b	venue d: <u>\$</u> NN TO RE by County	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480 52,824 595,819 WENUE:	\$	(2)		(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145) (2,140)		778 876 1,502 995 565 4,716		10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184 27,637	_	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716 27,767
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior Total Prior Total All Funds RECONCILIATIO Cash Collections b Accrual of Receive	venue I: <u>\$</u> N TO RE y County ubles:	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480 52,824 595,819 WENUE:	\$	(2)		(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145) (2,140)		778 876 1,502 995 565 4,716		10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184 27,637	\$	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716 27,767 52,720 531,251
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior Total Prior Total All Funds RECONCILIATIO Cash Collections b Accrual of Receives June 30, 2015	venue d: <u>\$</u> N TO RE by County ubles:	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480 52,824 595,819 WENUE:	\$	(2)		(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145) (2,140)		778 876 1,502 995 565 4,716		10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184 27,637	\$	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716 27,767 52,720 531,251 (11,435)
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior Total All Funds RECONCILIATIO Cash Collections b Accrual of Receive June 30, 2015 June 30, 2016	venue d: <u>\$</u> N TO RE by County ubles:	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480 52,824 595,819 VENUE: Treasurer Abo	\$	(2)		(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145) (2,140)		778 876 1,502 995 565 4,716		10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184 27,637	\$	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716 27,767 52,720 531,251 (11,435) 10,341
Taxes in Lieu Total Rev Debt Service Fund 2015-16 Prior Years: 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 & Prior Total All Funds RECONCILIATIO Cash Collections b Accrual of Receives June 30, 2015	venue d: <u>\$</u> N TO RE by County ubles:	542,995 24,138 13,201 8,299 3,706 3,480 52,824 595,819 VENUE: Treasurer Abo	\$	(2)		(491) (144) (147) (213) (1,145) (2,140)		778 876 1,502 995 565 4,716		10,882 5,548 6,343 3,680 1,184 27,637	\$	13,174 5,550,986 24,953 13,546 8,385 3,311 809 1,716 27,767 52,720 531,251 (11,435)

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED

URBAN RENEW	AL.			T'or the		Ended June	20, 2	010				
TAX YEAR	IMPC O	IMPOSED LEVY OR OR BALANCE UNCOLLECTED DEDUCT AT 7/1/15 DISCOUNTS		AD.	ADJUSTMENTS TO ROLLS INTER			В	CASH DLLECTIONS Y COUNTY REASURER	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED UNSEGREGATE AT 6/30/16		
Current: 2015-16	s	1,599,606	\$	40,241	s	(4,258)	\$	997	s	1,482,596	s	73,508
Prior Years:		1,000,000	4	40,241	-	(4,200)				1,402,570	-	15,500
2014-15		74,180		(6)		(3,036)		2,439		31,660		41,930
2013-14		41,461		1		(4,051)		2,690		14,347		25,752
2012-13		24,966		(1)		(4,360)		4,654		15,000		10,260
2011-12		11,236				(3,994)		2,886		7,783		2,345
2010-11 & Prior		8,675				6,829		1,438		12,575		4,367
Total Prior	_	160,518		(6)	_	(8,612)		14,107		81,365		84,654
Total All												
Funds	\$	1,760,124	\$	40,235	\$	(12,870)	\$	15,104	\$	1,563,961	\$	158,162
BALANCE UNCO Downton Special R Empire Special Rev Total Balance Unco	evenue l venue Fu	Fund Ind									\$	93,262 64,900 158,162
RECONCILIATIO	N TO R	EVENUE:								OWNTOWN SPECIAL EVENUE		EMPIRE SPECIAL REVENUE
Cash Collections by		y Treasurer Abo	ove						\$	909,309	\$	654,652
Accrual of Receiva												
June 30, 2015										(21,170)		(13,777)
June 30, 2016 Taxes in Licu		rty Taxes								18,272 4,686		12,857 5,335
Lanco III LICH										1,000		

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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OTHER INFORMATION

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Overlapping Debt Report for: City Of Coos Bay

As of 6/30/2016

Overlappin	g District Name	Outstanding Gross Property-tax Backed Debt	Outstanding Net Property-tax Backed Debt	Overlapping District Real Market Value	Percent Overlapping	Gross Overlapping Debt	Net Overlapping Debt
Coos Bay U	Irban Renewal Agency	\$1,763,262	\$1,763,262	\$1,101,007,196	100.00%	\$1,763,262	\$1,763,262
Coos Count	y	\$7,845,000	\$7,845,000	\$6,061,056,536	18.17%	\$1,425,068	\$1,425,068
Coos Cty Airport		\$1,335,051	\$1,335,051	\$6,061,056,536	18.17%	\$242,516	\$242,516
Coos Cty SD 9 (Coos Bay)		\$9,938,699	\$9,938,699	\$2,185,851,975	50.37%	\$5,006,093	\$5,006,093
Port Of Coos Bay Southwestern Oregon Community College		\$6,795,505	\$6,795,505	\$3,242,609,749	33.95%	\$2,307,373	\$2,307,373
		\$34,204,406	\$21,314,406	\$9,741,831,968	11.30%	\$3,865,714	\$2,408,912
Totals:	Overlapping Issuer Count: 6	\$61,881,924	\$48,991,924			\$14,610,026	\$13,153,224
	Net Property-tax Backed Debt of Subject Issuer is: Net Property-tax Backed Debt of Overlapping Issuers is:		\$13,698,497 \$13,153,224	Pe Ratio of Total Net Property	er Capita Net Property -tax Backed Debt to R		2 %
		Total:	\$26,851,721	Per Cap	ita Total Net Property	tax Backed Debt is: \$1,6	30
		Population of Subj	ject Issuer is:	16,470 As Of: 07/0	1/2015		
		Real Market Value of Subj	ject Issuer is: \$1,1	01,007,196 As Of: 01/0	1/2015		



Overlapping Debt Report for: City Of Coos Bay

As of 6/30/2016

District's Outstanding Balances

District	Gross Property-tax Backed Debt	Net Property- tax Backed Debt	General Obligation (N) Bonds		Full Faith & Credit Obligations (N)	Full Faith & Credit Obligations (S)	Appropriation Credits(1,2)	Conduit Revenue Bonds(2)	Dedicated Niche Tax Obligations(2)	Other(2)	Revenue Bonds(2)
City Of Coos Bay	\$17,400,245	\$13,698,497	\$0	\$0	\$13,698,497	\$3,701,748	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$

Overlapping District

	overlapping District										
District	Gross Property-tax Backed Debt	Net Property- tax Backed Debt	General Obligation (N) Bonds	General Obligation (S) Bonds	Full Faith & Credit Obligations (N)	Full Faith & Credit Obligations (S)	Appropriation Credits	Conduit Revenue Bonds	Dedicated Niche Tax Obligations	Other	Revenue Bonds
Bay Area Health District	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Coos 4H Extension	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Coos Bay Urban Renewal Agency	\$1,763,262	\$1,763,262	\$0	\$0	\$1,763,262	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$485,000
Coos County	\$7,845,000	\$7,845,000	\$7,845,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Coos Cty Airport	\$1,335,051	\$1,335,051	\$0	\$0	\$1,335,051	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,171,484
Coos Cty Library District	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Coos Cty SD 9 (Coos Bay)	\$9,938,699	\$9,938,699	\$0	\$0	\$9,938,699	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Coos Cty Urban Renewal Area 1	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
HFA Bay Area Health District	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Port Of Coos Bay	\$6,795,505	\$6,795,505	\$0	\$0	\$6,795,505	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$122,023
South Coast ESD	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Southwestern Oregon Community College	\$34,204,406	\$21,314,406	\$0	\$0	\$21,314,406	\$12,890,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	sc
Totals:	\$61,881,924	\$48,991,924	\$7,845,000	\$0	\$41,146,924	\$12,890,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,778,507

(1) Subject to Appropriation Obligations.

(2) Not included in overlapping debt.



Overlapping Debt Report

for: City Of Coos Bay

As of 6/30/2016

Issue Lis	ting for:	City Of	Coos	Bay
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Issue Informat	tion	Issued Par Amount	Calendar Year Payments	Principal	Interest	Total
Bond Type:	Full Faith & Credit Obligations(N)	\$125,000	12/1/2029	\$89,634.24	\$0.00	\$89,634.24
Series:	J04004		IssueTotals:	\$89,634.24	\$0.00	\$89,634.24
Dated Date:	11/06/03					
Project:	Special Public Works Fund					
Program:	OBDD - SPWF DIRECT	1				
Interest Rate:						
Interest Basis:						
Bond Type:	Full Faith & Credit Obligations(S)	\$5,645,000	12/1/2016	\$315,000.00	\$0.00	\$315,000.00
			6/1/2017	\$65,046.25	\$0.00	\$65,046.25
Series:	2006		12/1/2017	\$330,000.00	\$0.00	\$330,000.00
Dated Date:	04/26/06		6/1/2018	\$58,033.75	\$0.00	\$58,033.75
Decisate	refund water treatment cons. bonds	Bank Qualified	12/1/2018	\$345,000.00	\$0.00	\$345,000.00
Project.	refund water treatment cons. bonds		6/1/2019	\$50,702.50	\$0.00	\$50,702.50
Program:	N/A	r1	12/1/2019	\$360,000.00	\$0.00	\$360,000.00
Interest Rate:	4.24%		6/1/2020	\$43,052.50	\$0.00	\$43,052.50
	4.2.4.0		12/1/2020	\$375,000.00	\$0.00	\$375,000.00
Interest Basis:			6/1/2021	\$35,083.75	\$0.00	\$35,083.75
			12/1/2021	\$390,000.00	\$0.00	\$390,000.00
			6/1/2022	\$26,991.25	\$0.00	\$26,991.25
			12/1/2022	\$410,000.00	\$0.00	\$410,000.00
			6/1/2023	\$18,381.25	\$0.00	\$18,381.25
			12/1/2023	\$425,000.00	\$0.00	\$425,000.00
			6/1/2024	\$9,456.25	\$0.00	\$9,456.25
			12/1/2024	\$445,000.00	\$0.00	\$445,000.00
			IssueTotals:	\$3,701,747.50	\$0.00	\$3,701,747.50



Overlapping Debt Report for: City Of Coos Bay

As of 6/30/2016

Issue Listing for: City Of Coos Bay

Issue Informat	lion	Issued Par Amount	Calendar Year Payments	Principal	Interest	Total
Bond Type:	Full Faith & Credit Obligations(N)	\$6,900,000	12/1/2016	\$0.00	\$93,475.00	\$93,475.00
			6/1/2017	\$305,000.00	\$93,475.00	\$398,475.00
Series:	2009		12/1/2017	\$0.00	\$87,375.00	\$87,375.00
Dated Date:	04/15/09	Tax	6/1/2018	\$315,000.00	\$87,375.00	\$402,375.0
Destaute	Fire Station	Bank Qualified	12/1/2018	\$0.00	\$81,075.00	\$81,075.0
Project.	Fire Station	Barik Qualified	6/1/2019	\$330,000.00	\$81,075.00	\$411,075.0
Program:	N/A	axable	12/1/2019	\$0.00	\$74,475.00	\$74,475.00
Interact Date:	4.09%	-	6/1/2020	\$340,000.00	\$74,475.00	\$414,475.00
Interest Rate: 4.09	4.03%	n - E1	12/1/2020	\$0.00	\$67,675.00	\$67,675.0
Interest Basis:			6/1/2021	\$355,000.00	\$67,675.00	\$422,675.0
			12/1/2021	\$0.00	\$60,575.00	\$60,575.0
			6/1/2022	\$370,000.00	\$60,575.00	\$430,575.0
			12/1/2022	\$0.00	\$53,175.00	\$53,175.0
			6/1/2023	\$385,000.00	\$53,175.00	\$438,175.0
			12/1/2023	\$0.00	\$45,475.00	\$45,475.0
			6/1/2024	\$400,000.00	\$45,475.00	\$445,475.0
			12/1/2024	\$0.00	\$37,375.00	\$37,375.0
			6/1/2025	\$415,000.00	\$37,375.00	\$452,375.0
			12/1/2025	\$0.00	\$28,815.63	\$28,815.6
			6/1/2026	\$435,000.00	\$28,815.63	\$463,815.6
			12/1/2026	\$0.00	\$19,843.75	\$19,843.7
			6/1/2027	\$450,000.00	\$19,843.75	\$469,843.7
			12/1/2027	\$0.00	\$10,281.25	\$10,281.25
			6/1/2028	\$470,000.00	\$10,281.25	\$480,281.25
			IssueTotals:	\$4,570,000.00	\$1,319,231.26	\$5,889,231.26



Overlapping Debt Report

for: City Of Coos Bay

As of 6/30/2016

Issue Listing for: City Of Coos Bay

Issue Information		Issued Par Amount	Calendar Year Payments	Principal	Interest	Total
Bond Type:	Full Faith & Credit Obligations(N)	\$5,000,000	12/1/2032	\$4,535,970.91	\$0.00	\$4,535,970.91
Series:	S10009		IssueTotals:	\$4,535,970.91	\$0.00	\$4,535,970.91
Dated Date:	02/19/10					
Project:	Safe Drinking Water Loan Fund - SDW					
Program:	OBDD - SDW					
Interest Rate:						
Interest Basis:						
Bond Type:	Full Faith & Credit Obligations(N)	\$650,000	12/1/2016	\$65,000.00	\$5,070.00	\$70,070.00
		0.000	6/1/2017	\$0.00	\$4,056.00	\$4,056.00
Series:	2011		12/1/2017	\$65,000.00	\$4,056.00	\$69,056.00
Dated Date:	10/31/11 Alter:		6/1/2018	\$0.00	\$3,042.00	\$3,042.00
Project:	Land acquisition for wastewater treatment plant	Bank Qualified	12/1/2018	\$65,000.00	\$3,042.00	\$68,042.00
riojeci.	Land acquisition for wastewater treatment plant	Bank Qualmed	6/1/2019	\$0.00	\$2,028.00	\$2,028.00
Program:			12/1/2019	\$65,000.00	\$2,028.00	\$67,028.00
Interest Rate:	3 12%		6/1/2020	\$0.00	\$1,014.00	\$1,014.00
And the Course			12/1/2020	\$65,000.00	\$1,014.00	\$66,014.00
Interest Basis:	Fixed		IssueTotals:	\$325,000.00	\$25,350.00	\$350,350.00
Bond Type:	Full Faith & Credit Obligations(N)	\$2,525,358	12/1/2034	\$2,525,358.00	\$0.00	\$2,525,358.00
Series:	Y12005		IssueTotals:	\$2,525,358.00	\$0.00	\$2,525,358.00
Dated Date:	04/13/12 Alter	Tax				
Project:	Water/Wastewater Financing Program					
Program:	OBDD - WF DIRECT	Т				
Interest Rate:		Coupon				
Interest Basis:						



Overlapping Debt Report for: City Of Coos Bay

As of 6/30/2016

Issue Listing for: City Of Coos Bay

Issue Informat	ion	Issued Par Amount	Calendar Year Payments	Principal	Interest	Total
Bond Type:	Full Faith & Credit Obligations(N)	\$1,707,104	12/1/2035	\$1,652,534.00	\$0.00	\$1,652,534.00
Series:	Y14002		IssueTotals:	\$1,652,534.00	\$0.00	\$1,652,534.00
Dated Date:	10/03/13					
Project:	Water/Wastewater Financing Program					
Program:	OBDD - WF DIRECT					
Interest Rate:						
Interest Basis:						
			Final Totals:	\$17,400,244.65	\$1,344,581.26	\$18,744,825.91

Disclaimer: The State of Oregon Office of the Treasurer, acting on behalf of the Municipal Debt Advisory Commission (MDAC), maintains debt information to assist municipalities in debt related matters. The data is based on information obtained from sources believed to be reliable; however, its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. The Office of the State Treasurer does not independently verify the information received from reporting municipalities. The State of Oregon is not responsible for the accuracy, completeness or timeliness of the information obtained and the data presented and disclaims any liability for or obligation to bond owners or others concerning the accuracy, completeness or timeliness of the data and information presented.

"Gross Property-tax Backed Debt" includes all General Obligation (GO) bonds and Full Faith & Credit bonds. "Net Property-tax Backed Debt" is Gross Property-tax Backed Debt less Self-supporting Unlimited-tax GO and less Self-Supporting Full Faith & Credit debt. The following obligations are NOT included in Property-tax backed calculations: Appropriation Credits, Conduit Revenue Bonds, Dedicated Niche Obligations, Revenue Bonds, obligations issued for less than 13 months (e.g. Bond Anticipation Notes, Tax Anticipation Notes), lease purchase agreements, loans, lines of credit or other non-publicly offered financial obligations. The Municipal Debt Advisory Commission (MDAC), however, does request and track information for these obligations.

In August 2010, the Oregon State Treasury reclassified all Self-Supporting School District debt to Non Self-Supporting debt, thus making all School District debt included as Net Property-tax Backed Debt, rather than Gross Property-tax Backed Debt. Schools, by definition will not have debt supported by Enterprise Revenues, and thus can not have fully Self-Supporting debt as defined by the Municipal Debt Advisory Commission.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS This Page Intentionally Left Blank



PAULY, ROGERS, AND CO., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

November 15, 2016

Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Coos Bay, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2016. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- · Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City of Coos Bay, Oregon was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control controls over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Council, management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Mamp, CA

Tara M. Kamp, CPA PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

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